The Columbian
AND
Bloomsburg Democrat.
IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING
IN THE COLUMBIAN BUILDING NEAR THE
COURT HOUSE, BLOOMSBURG, PA., BY
CHARLES B. BROCKWAY,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Terms--Two Dollars a Year payable in advance.

JOB PRINTING
Of all descriptions executed with neatness and dispatch at reasonable rates.

The Columbian.

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Two inches	3,00	5,00	7,00	9,00	15,00
Three inches	5,00	7,00	9,00	12,00	18,00
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Executor's or Administrator's Notice, $3,00 Auditor's or Assignee's Notice, $2,50.

Local notices, twenty cents a line.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, $2,00 per year for the first two lines, and $1,00 for each additional line.

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—WILLIAM ELWELL.
Associate Judges—IRAM DERR, ISAAC S. MONROE.
Prothonotary, &c.—RUDOLPH H. RINGLER.
Register & Recorder—WILLIAMSON H. JACOBY.
District Attorney—JAMES BRYSON, JR.
Sheriff—AARON SMITH.
Surveyor—ISAAC DEWITT.
Treasurer—WILLIAM LAMON.
Commissioners—CYRUS ROBBINS, HIRAM J. REEDER, WILLIAM SHAFFER.
Commissioners' Clerk—WILLIAM KRICKBAUM.
Auditors—U. J. CAMPBELL, DANIEL LEE, CHARLES CONNER.
Coroner—CHARLES G. MURPHY.
Jury Commissioners—ISAAC MCBRIDE, JOHN MCNINCH.
County Superintendent—WM. H. SNYDER.
Bloom Poor District—Directors, S. H. MILLER, WILLIAM KRAMER, Bloomsburg, and JOHNSON FULLER, Greenwood, CHARLES CONNER, Sec'y.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

Bloomsburg Banking Co.—JOHN A. FUNSTON President, H. H. GROTZ, Cashier.
First National Bank—CHAS. R. PAXTON, Pres't., J. P. TUSTIN, Cashier.
Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—E. H. LITTLE, Pres't., C. W. MILLER, Sec'y.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—WM. PEACOCK, Pres't., J. B. ROBISON, Sec.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—J. J. BROWER President, C. G. BARKLEY, Sec'y.

Church Directory.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. Stuart Mitchell.
Sunday Services—10½ A. M.; 7½ P. M.
Sabbath School—9 A. M.
Prayer Meeting—Wednesday, 7½ P. M.
Seats free; no pews rented; strangers welcome.

Bloomsburg Directory.

PAPER BAGS just received and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

CLOTHING, &c.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor, Main st., above American House.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

E. P. LUTZ, Druggist and Apothecary. Main st. below the Post Office.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C.

C. E. SAVAGE, dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main st., just below the American House.

LOUIS BERNHARD, Watch and Clock maker near southeast corner Main and Iron sts.

D. CATCART, Watch and Clock Maker, Market street, below Main.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

E. M. KNORR, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, latest and best styles, corner Main and Market Streets, in the old Post Office.

HENRY KLEIM, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Groceries, etc., Main street, E. Bloomsburg.

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. H. C. HOWER, Surgeon Dentist, Main st., above the Court House.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician, Office over the First National Bank.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law. Office, 2d floor in Exchange Block, near the "Exchange hotel."

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician north side Main st., below Market.

J. C. RUTTER, M. D. Surgeon and Physician Market street, above Main.

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law, Office Hartman's building, Main street.

DR. B. F. KINNEY, Surgeon Dentist.—Teeth extracted without pain: Main st., nearly opposite Episcopal Church.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, south side Main street, below Market.

DR. A. L. TURNER, Physician and Surgeon, office over Kleim's Drug Store, residence one door below Rev. D. J. Waller.

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

E. PETERMAN, Millinery and Fancy Goods, opposite Episcopal Church, Main st.

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY, Milliner, Ramsey building Main street.

MISS M. DERRICKSON, Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main st., below Market.

MRS. JULIA A. & SADE BARKLEY, Ladies' Cloaks and Dress Patterns, southeast corner Main and West sts.

THE MISSES HARMAN Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main st., below American House.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

FORKS HOTEL, by T. Bent. Taylor, east end of Main street.

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

C. C. MARR, Dry Goods and Notions, southwest corner Main and Iron sts.

FOX & WEBB, Confectionery and Bakery, wholesale and retail, Exchange Block.

H. C. HOWER, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Main st., above Court House.

J. H. MAIZE, Mammoth Grocery, fine Groceries, Fruits, Nuts, Provision, &c., Main and Centre Streets.

McKELVY, NEAL & CO., dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Feed, Salt, Fish, Iron, Nails, &c., N. E. cor. Main and Market sts.

S. H. MILLER & SON, dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Flour, Salt, Shoes, Notions, etc., Main st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. M. CHRISTMAN, Saddle, Trunk & Harness-maker, Shive's Block Main Street.

D. W. ROBBINS, liquor dealer second door from northwest corner Main and Iron sts.

E. J. THORNTON, Wall Paper, Window Shades and fixtures, Rupert block, Main st.

G. W. CORELL, Furniture Rooms, three story brick, Main Street, west of Market st.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Robbins & Eyer's Store, Main st.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Chemberlin's alley, rear of American House.

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road.

WM. BABB, dealer in furniture, trunks, cedar willow ware, near the Forks Hotel.

E. B. BIDLEMAN, Agent for Munson's Copper Tubular Lightning Rod.

C. FOSTER, Glue Maker, and White and Fancy Tanner, Scottown.

NOTE BOOKS, and blank NOTES, with or without exemption, for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

Catawissa.

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second St., Robbins' Building.

DR. J. K. ROBBINS, Surgeon and Physician Second st., below Main.

GILBERT & KLINE, dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main Street

J. B. KISTLER, "Cattawissa House," North Corner Main and Second Streets.

L. KEILER, Billard Saloon, Oysters, and Ice Cream in season Main St.

M. M. BROBST, dealer in General Merchandise Dry Goods, Groceries &c.

SUSQUEHANNA or Brick Hotel, S. Kostenbauder Proprietor, south-east corner Main and Second Street.

WM. H. ABBOTT, Attorney at law, Main St.

Light Street.

H. F. OMAN & Co., Wheelwrights, first door above School House.

JOHN A. OMAN, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes

R. S. ENT, dealer in Stoves and Tin ware in all its branches.

PETER ENT, Miller, and dealer in all kinds of Grain, Flour, Feed, &c. All kinds of Grain purchased.

Espy.

T. W. EDGAR, Susquehanna Planing Mill and Box Manufacturing.

Buck Horn.

M. & G.W. H. SHOEMAKER, dealers in dry goods, groceries and general merchandise

Orangeville Directory.

D. R. HERRING & BROTHER, Carpenters and Builders, Main st., below Pine.

BRICK HOTEL and refreshment Saloon, by Rohr M'Henry cor. of Main and Pine st.

DR. O. A. MEGARGEL, Physician and Surgeon Main st., next door to Good's Hotel.

DAVID HERRING, Flour and Grist Mill, and Dealer in grain, Mill Street.

JAMES B. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker and Undertaker. Main St., below Pine.

SCHUYLER & CO., Iron founders, Machinists and Manufacturers of plows, Mill St.

SAMUEL SHARPLESS, Maker of the Hayhurst Grain Cradle. Main St.

WILLIAM DELONG Shoemaker and manufacturer of Brick, Mill St., west of Pine

Philadelphia Directory.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
Dealers in
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES
RICE, SPICES, BI CARB SODA, &C., &C.
☞Orders will receive prompt attention.
may 10,'67-tf.

HARVEY B. WALKER,
WITH
MEAR, SCHROPP & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
CHINA, GLASS AND QUEENSWARE,
No. 108 NORTH SECOND ST.,
PHILADELPHIA.
☞Original assorted packages of Queensware constantly on hand. feb23'72-tf.

Business Cards.

E. H. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Court-House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office, Bloomsburg Pa.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
☞OFFICE—Court House Alley, in the COLUMBIAN building. [Jan4,'67.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Court House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office. Bounties, Back-Pay and Pensions collected. Bloomsburg Pa. sep.20'67

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE above Hower's Store, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

ROBERT F. CLARK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Main Street below the Court House. Bloomsburg Penn'a.

B. FRANK ZARR
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office with J. G. Freeze, Brower's Block.
Can be consulted in German or English. mch29'72-tf

NEW STOVE AND TIN SHOP.
ISAIAH HAGENBUCH,
Main Street one door above E. Mendenhall's Store.
A large assortment of Stoves, Heaters and Ranges constantly on hand, and for sale at the lowest rates.
Tinning in all its branches carefully attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed.
Tin work of all kinds wholesale and retail. A trial is requested.
jan 1'71

BLOOMSBURG
MARBLE WORKS.
MAIN STREET, BELOW MARKET,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Monuments, Tombs, Headstones, &c. Work neatly executed. Orders by mail will receive special attention. N. B. Work delivered free of charge. T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor.
oct13'71-tf. P. O. Box 297.

BARGAINS—BARGAINS.
QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS.
SAVE YOUR MONEY.
Go to
HENRY YOST,
East Bloomsburg, Pa., for all kinds of the best home and city made
FURNITURE.
Prices reasonable and the best work done.
jan 1'71—tf

VULCAN WORKS,
DANVILLE PA.
WILLIAM H. LAW,
Manufacturer of Wrought Iron Bridges, Boilers, Gasholders, Fireproof Buildings, Wrought Iron Roofing, Roofing Frames, Flooring and Doors, Farm Gates and fencing, also Wrought iron piping, Stacks and all kinds of Smith Work, &c. Repairs promptly attended to.
N. B. Drawings and Estimates supplied.
oct27'71-1y.

BERNHARD STOHNER
Would inform his friends and the public that he has taken possession of
THE OLD STAND,
in the Exchange Block, so long occupied by him and will carry on the business of a
FIRST-CLASS BAKERY.
He brings to the business an experience of many years and assures the community that he will furnish the best of bread, cakes, rolls, biscuit, &c. fresh every day. He proposes also to keep on hand a large and well assorted stock of
FINE CONFECTIONERY,
of all grades. French candies and those of domestic manufacture, always to be had, wholesale and retail at lowest rates. Adjoining the Bakery and Confectionery is a well established
RESTAURANT,
where may be found Ale and Lager, and Refreshments, Oysters in season and the various little delicacies which suit the public taste. There is also a
FINE ICE CREAM SALOON,
over the confectionery store, where ladies and gentlemen can obtain the best of Ice Cream in season.
A fair share of the public custom is requested and no pains will be spared to ensure satisfaction april 26,'72-tf

NEW DRUG STORE.
CHRIS. A. KLEIM
Having purchased the business of E. P. Lutz now offers at the old stand, a choice assortment of
DRUGS,
CHEMICALS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES,
FANCY SOAPS,
BRUSHES, &c., &c.
And a general assortment of the choicest goods usually found in first class establishments,
Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes Carefully Compounded.
On Sundays, open from 8 a. m., to 10 a. m., and from 2 p. m., to 4 p. m.
GERMAN AND ENGLISH SPOKEN.
feb 9'72-tf

Miscellaneous.

DENTISTRY.
H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,
Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in the line of his profession, and is provided with the latest improved PORCELAIN TEETH which will be inserted on gold plating silver and rubber base to look as well as the natural teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new and most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.
Residence and office a few doors above the Court House, same side.
Bloomsburg, Jan. 1'71—1y

INSURANCE AGENCY.

Wyoming	$200,000
Ætna	4,000,000
Orient	500,000
Royal of Liverpool	10,000,000
Danville Mutual	5,000
Springfield	575,000
Germania, N. Y.	500,000
International N. Y.	1,069,781
Farmers' Danville	800,000
Lancaster City	200,500
Home	2,000,000

FREAS BROWN, Agent.
feb12'71—1y. BLOOMSBURG PA.

HINKLEY KNITTING MACHINE
THE SIMPLEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST IN USE! HAS BUT ONE NEEDLE! A CHILD CAN RUN IT!
Designed especially for the use of families, and ladies who desire to knit for the market. Will do every stitch of the knitting in a stocking, widening and narrowing as readily as by hand. Are splendid for worsteds and fancy work, TAKING FIVE DIFFERENT KINDS OF STITCH! Are very easy to manage, and not liable to get out of order. Every Family should have one.
We want an Agent in every town to introduce and sell them, to whom we offer the most liberal inducements. Send for our Circular and Sample Stocking. Address,
HINKLEY KNITTING MACHINE CO.,
nov. 10,'71-1y. Bath, Me.

H. C. HOWER,
has opened a first-class
BOOT, SHOE, HAT CAP, AND FUR STORE,
at the old stand on Main Street, Bloomsburg, a few doors above the Court House. His stock is composed of the very latest and best styles ever offered to the citizens of Columbia County. He can accommodate the public with the following goods at the lowest rates. Men's heavy double soled stoga boots, men's double and single tap soled kip boots, men's heavy stoga shoes of all kinds, men's fine boots and shoes of all grades, boy's double soled boots and shoes of all kinds, men's glove kid Balmoral shoes, men's, women's, boys's and misses' lasting gaiters, women's glove kid Polish very fine, women's morocco Balmorals and calf shoes, women's very fine kid buttoned gaiters. In short boots of all descriptions both pegged and sewed.
He would also call attention to his fine assortment of
HATS, CAPS, FURS AND NOTIONS,
which comprises all the new and popular varieties at prices which cannot fail to suit all. These goods are offered at the lowest cash rates and will be guaranteed to give satisfaction. A call is solicited before purchasing elsewhere as it is believed that better bargains are to be found than at any other place in the county.
Jan 1'71

THE ORANGEVILLE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.
MANUFACTURERS OF
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS
of the most Approved Patterns.
Mill Gearing,
Jobbing,
and Castings
of all descriptions.
DEALERS IN
General Merchandise, Lumber, &c., &c.
ORANGEVILLE, PA.
We would announce to the public in general that we have taken the well known Agricultural Works of this place and shall make it our aim to manufacture First Class Agricultural Implements equal to any other makers in the State, such as
Threshing Machines,
Both Lever and Tread Power.
Plows of every Description,
among which will be the celebrated
KNOB MOUNTAIN HERO,
acknowledged by all to be the best plow extant for the farmer. Also the
Champion, Sterns' Patent and The Montrose.
ALSO, DOUBLE CORN PLOWS,
Cultivators,
Iron Kettles,
and Castings
of every description. We shall use none but the best materials and employ none but competent and experienced mechanics and our prices will compare favorably with any other manufacturers.
Country Produce, Lumber, Old Iron, taken in exchange. We also have a store in connection with our Agricultural Works, where may be found a full assortment of MERCHANDISE which will be sold at small profits. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere and we guarantee satisfaction.
march22'72-1y.

Hotels.

THE ESPY HOTEL.
ESPY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
The undersigned would inform the travelling public that he has taken the above named establishment and thoroughly refitted the same for the perfect convenience of his guests. His larder will be stocked with the best the market affords. The choicest liquors, wines and cigars always to be found in his bar.
WILLIAM PETTIT,
Espy, Pa.

E. J. THORNTON
would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity, that he has just received a full and complete assortment of
WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,
FIXTURES, CORDS, TASSELS,
and all other goods in his line of business. All the newest and most approved patterns of the day are always to be found in his establishment.
mar.5,'69-tf Main St. below Market.

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES
DOWN IN PRICE
J. H. MAIZE'S,
Corner Main and Centre Sts., BLOOMSBURG.
A new stock of Fresh Goods just opened at MAIZE'S.
Teas, Coffees, Sugars,
SYRUPS and MOLASSES, CHEESE, MEATS, SALT, FISH, etc.
VEGETABLES, HERMETICALLY Sealed Goods,
JELLIES and PRESERVES, PICKLES, FOREIGN and DOMESTIC FRUITS.
An Elegant Assortment OF
QUEENSWARE
Constantly on hand.
Also WOOD, WILLOW and GLASSWARE of every variety.
All my goods are of the first quality and at extremely low prices.
dec8'71-tf J. H. MAIZE.

CAMPAIGN
CAPES &
CAPS.

PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN.
CAPS, CAPES & TORCHES.
Send for ILLUSTRATED CIRCULAR and PRICE LIST.
CUNNINGHAM & HILL,
MANUFACTURERS,
No. 204 Church Street.
PHILADELPHIA.
June 28, 1872-4mos.

DR. CARPENTER.
136 MULBERRY STREET,
NEWARK, N. J.
Is now treating successfully,
Consumption, Bronchitis,
and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, with his
COMPOUND MEDICATED INHALATIONS,
CONCENTRATED FOOD, AND
COUGH SYRUP.
During the past ten years Dr. Carpenter has treated and cured thousands of cases of the above named diseases, and has now in his possession certificates of cures from every part of the country. The Inhalation is breathed directly into the lungs, soothing and healing over all inflamed surfaces, entering into the blood, it imparts vitality as it permeates to every part of the system. The sensation is not unpleasant and the first inhalation often gives very decided relief particularly when there is much difficulty of breathing. Under the influence of my remedies, the cough soon grows easier, the night sweats cease, the hectic flush vanishes, and with improving digestion the patient rapidly gains strength, and health is again within his grasp.
The Concentrated Food rapidly builds up the most debilitated patient, presenting to the stomach food all ready to be assimilated and made into good, rich healthy blood.
The Cough Syrup is to be taken at night to alleviate the cough and enable the patient to obtain sleep. *Full directions accompany each box of my remedies, which consist of*
One Inhaler; One Bottle of Alterative Inhalant; One Bottle of Soothing Febrifuge Inhalant; One Bottle of Anti Hæmorrhagic Inhalant; One Bottle Concentrated Food; One Bottle of Cough Syrup.
Price of Box containing remedies to last one month, $10; two months, $15; three months, $25. Sent to any address C. O. D. Pamphlets containing large list of patients cured sent free. Letters of inquiry must contain one dollar to insure answer. Address,
A. H. CARPENTER, M. D., Newark, N. J.
DR. CARPENTER'S CATARRH REMEDY will give immediate relief, and will effect a permanent cure in from one to three months. Price of remedy to last one month, $5; two months, $8; three months, $10.
CANCER in all its forms successfully treated. Send for list of patients cured, to
A. H. CARPENTER, M. D., Newark, N. J.
july26yr

THE BEST, CHEAPEST,
AND
MOST DURABLE PAINTS
now in use are the
Montour Slate Paints.
They cover one-third more surface, last longer and cost less than White Lead, the place of which they are very generally taking where economy, durability and neatness are desired.
Hear what our Practical Painters says:
It gives me great pleasure to recommend your Slate Paints—as supplying a need we have long felt, and overcoming a great difficulty, which has long been acknowledged by all practical Painters, namely the oxidation of White Lead, by the atmosphere, causing it to crumble or chalk off.
I am satisfied they will paint one-third more surface and in a better manner than any other pigment I have ever used.
GEO. C. GOULD.
Kingston, June 25, 1872.
We cheerfully concur in the above opinion expressed by Mr. Geo. C. Gould.
B. H. VANNATTA,
A. W. MONROE,
B. F. HICKS,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
SEND FOR PRICE LIST, AND SAMPLE CARD.
DREHER, REAY & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers,
sept, 6,'72-3m. Rupert, Pa.

A. H. FRANCISCUS & CO.,
513 MARKET STREET,
PHILADELPHIA,
We have opened for the FALL TRADE, the largest and best assorted stock of
PHILADELPHIA CARPETS,
Table, Stair and Floor
Oil Cloths, Window Shades and Paper, Carpet Chain, Cotton, Yarn, Batting, Wadding, Twines, Wicks, Clocks, Looking Glasses, Fancy Baskets, Brooms, Baskets, Buckets, Brushes, Clothes Wringers, Wooden and Willow Ware.
IN THE UNITED STATES.
Our large increase in business enables us to sell at low prices, and furnish the best quality of Goods.
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE
CELEBRATED AMERICAN WASHER.
Price $5,50
THE MOST PERFECT AND SUCCESSFUL WASHER EVER MADE.
Agents wanted for the American Washer in all parts of the State.

WHITE STAR LINE
NEW YORK, CORK, AND LIVERPOOL.
NEW AND FULL-POWERED STEAMSHIPS,
THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD.
OCEANIC, CELTIC, REPUBLIC, ATLANTIC,
BALTIC, ADRIATIC, MAJESTIC,
Sailing from New York on SATURDAYS, from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, and Cork Harbor the day following.
From the White Star Dock, Pavonia Ferry, Jersey City.
Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unrivalled, combining
SAFETY, SPEED, AND COMFORT.
Saloons, state-rooms, smoking-room and bath rooms in midship section, where least motion is felt. Surgeons and stewardesses accompany these steamers.
RATES—Saloon, $80 gold. Steerage, $30 currency to London, Liverpool, Glasgow Londonderry, and Bristol. Those wishing to send for friends from the Old Country can now obtain steerage prepaid certificates, $33 currency.
Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, Paris, Hamburgh, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, etc.
Drafts from £1 upwards.
For inspection of plans and other information, apply at the Company's Offices, No. 19 Broadway, New York.
J. H. SPARKS, Agent,
Or to W. PEACOCK,
au12tf Bloomsburg, Pa.

BAUGH'S
Raw Bone Superior Phosphate
OF LIME,
Standard highly improved and warranted.
Price, $45,00 per 2,000 lbs., Cash.
☞New Works now in operation.☜
☞New Material used in manufacturing.☜
The fire which destroyed our works on the 9th of April, caused only a temporary delay.
We warrant the standard of our Raw Bone Phosphate to be of a higher grade than before. No consignments will be made under any circumstances.
It is not certain we can continue to sell at our present reduced price *owing to the advance in Raw Material.*
☞We thank our customers and friends generally for their continued trade and increased orders.
We can also furnish our
GROUND RAW BONE,
WARRANTED PURE,
At $45,00 per 2,000 lbs., cash.
Orders for fall trade are requested to be sent in as early as possible.
BAUGH & SONS,
No. 20 South Delaware Ave., Philadelphia.
july 19-3m

AGENTS WANTED. CAMPAIGN HAND BOOK AND CITIZENS' MANUAL
A complete Political Compend, for *voters of all parties*. Lives of all the Presidents, and the present Presidential Candidates. The *Constitution of the U. S., and Declaration of Independence. Political* Conventions, *and their* Platforms. *Complete* Election Returns *the last* Census, and other Statistical Tables, &c. *250 Pages; 30 Engravings; Price $1.25. Book sells at sight $10 to $20 per day easily made.* For Circulars, address
DUFFIELD ASHMEAD, Publisher,
sept 6 4w 711 Sansom St., Philadelphia.

AGENTS LOOK HERE! There is a GREAT RUSH For the New Splendidly Illustrated Edition of
ROBINSON CRUSOE,
Because it is the most fascinating and popular book in print, and excels all in real *elegance* and *low prices*. Just out, 528 pages, tinted paper, only $2.50 easy worth $3.50. Is a Great Hit, sells quick and fast. Terms of this and our new Domestic Bibles, far the most complete superbly illustrated and fast-selling edition extant, also, the "Pocket Companion," worth $10 to any book agent, sent free. Write at once, stating where you saw this, to HUBBARD BROS.,
apr. 26-tf Publishers, 723 Sansom St., Phila.

TRADE
B
MARK
Patented.

BLATCHLEY'S
Improved Cucumber Wood Pump. Tasteless, Durable, Efficient and Cheap. The best Pump for the least money. Attention is especially invited to Blatchley's Patent Improved Bracket and New Drop-Check Valve, which can be withdrawn without removing the Pump or disturbing the Joints. Also, the Copper Chamber, which never cracks or scales, and will outlast any other. For sale by Dealers everywhere. Send for Catalogue and Price List.
CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, M'fr,
506 Commerce St., Philada. Pa.

A RINGING SPEECH!

THE WAR GOVERNOR FOR BUCKALEW!

ANDREW G. CURTIN!

At an immense meeting held in Bellefonte on Saturday night last, Governor Curtin spoke as follows:

You see, my friends and neighbors, that I am glad to meet you. A residence in a distant and foreign country of different associations and political organizations, so far from weakening my affections for my native country and my admiration of its free and generous institutions, has strengthened and confirmed them. I returned home after an absence of three years and a half, separated from all the political asperities which divide men and countrymen too often in this land, feeling none of those violent opinions which excite men in a political contest such as I now find engaging the vast people of my country. Away from the newspapers and the party drill, I have not imbibed that fierce political hatred—for it is only political hatred—which seems to have inspired parties and men in the United States. Why, it is strange to a man absent so long from his country to find "thief," "liar," "traitor" modest words in the political literature of the country. Traitor is a common word, yet a man who independently in this country attempts what he believes is right, must be denounced. My fellow citizens, I have long acted with the party called republican. I received its honors, I discharged its duties. I tried to discharge my duty. [Applause.] It was the pleasure of the people of this State to lift me to the position of their highest honor in years, long years of great suffering when the country was torn and convulsed by civil war. I witnessed that struggle with regret. I did not measure its magnitude nor did I understand its full consequences. I was for my government intackt and did not believe that any state or combination of states had a right to secede from the Union, certainly, that they had no right to plunge this country into a civil war. When the war was over I belonged to that class of men in the republican party who believed in general amnesty and the ballot. What could we do? Could we kill all the men in the rebellion, or could we take them back? [A "voice take them back."] The general sentiment of the best statesmen in the land was that we should take them back into the fellowship of the Union, and if they rebelled again, teach them again that we could compel them to obey the laws.—I believed at that time and believe now that we could have had peace throughuot the land if a general amnesty could have been proclaimed and the ballot with it. [Applause.]

My fellow citizens the war came on through the teaching of certain southern politicians who supported a doctrine commonly called states rights.—Now I fear, my fellow citizens, that the pendulum has swung too far in the other direction. [Applause.] And while we had just reason to complain of the insidious doctrine of state rights we have also a just right to complain that there is too much centralization of government now, overlooking the just rights of the states. I come now to speak of Pennsylvania. My friends and neighbors, all your rights of property, all your rights of personal liberty, are found protected in the government of the state. You scarcely felt the impress of the national government. Our courts are state courts, our laws are state laws. You find your rights, your interests protected in the government of the State. Now, I am told, nay, I was told in England, that the state of Pennsylvania must elect a ticket put into the field because it effects the election of a President. I hold to no such doctrine. I would not humiliate my state by such a doctrine. I would preserve to the states all the rights guaranteed to them by the constitution, and would accord to the national government all the powers given it by that instrument. The protection of the people of Pennsylvania and the preservation of the purity of their government is a question for themselves, in which other states have comparatively little interest, and which has no connection with the national politics.—Now, my fellow citizens, I have declared in a letter recently written, and which has given offense to some of my political friends, I have declared that I would not support the ticket put in nomination last spring and will support for governor Charles R. Buckalew. [Applause]. I know Mr. Buckalew, I have known him for over twenty years. He has made his mark upon the legislation and the constitution of the state. I have differed with him in political opinions and have acted with the party in opposition to his views, have never received his support for an office in my life, but know he is a pure and honest man, [applause]. Now my fellow citizens I have nothing to say against General Hartranft, he was a gallant soldier and served his country faithfully, but in an evil hour, in his ambition he wanted to become governor of Pennsylvania. If he had been governor for six years he would not be quite so ambitious of the honor. [laughter.] He connected himself with a ring surrounding the treasury of the state not of a recent date. It has been in full power for six years. The present governor of Pennsylvania was nominated and elected by the influence of this same ring; it has been there ever since. It then was formed and a combination made to elect the governor and to provide all the machinery by which they could reach every county in the state where they could control a vote and return their chief to the United States senate. It is said all this is fair. How fair? General Irwin, of Beaver county, was six years commissary general of Pennsylvania. He held that office during the war. I never heard any objection made to the discharge of his official duties while in that office. I never heard him charged with malfeasance in office. There was no combination for plunder around him. I don't know in the commonwealth of Pennsylvania to-day, a man on whose word I could rely with more steadfast belief than that of General Irwin.—Have you read his statement? He says that when he was state treasurer, Mr. Scott was elected senator and a new election was to be held that coming winter, that he was waited upon by certain individuals, and they proposed to him that they would re-elect him to office if he would take out of the treasury the $148,000 balance due on the amount expended on the election of Mr. Scott. Now, my friends, Mr. Scott was no party to that. I believe Mr. Scott to be an honest man, but he was selected by this ring, and they expended the money. Gen. Irwin refused their request, and he was turned out of office and Mr. Robert W. Mackey elected.—Now, my friends, Mr. Robert W. Mackey was a teller in a bank in Pittsburg. He seemed to have qualities which suited the gentlemen who surrounded the treasury of the state, and he was made state treasurer. He is there now in office, and he asks for a re-election. Unfortunately for General Hartranft he was auditor general of the accounts of Pennsylvania. We have but two officers connected with the treasury of Pennsylvania—treasurer and auditor general. They hold the books, and they hold in a fiduciary capacity money raised by taxation of the people. It is a penal offence for the state treasury of Pennsylvania to make profit from deposits in the treasury. You will find by examination of the reports of the treasury that from a million and a half to two millions and a half, and sometimes three millions of dollars, are kept in the treasury, and that this balance is held for the entire year; that money is put out on interest, and thus he is enabled to buy his office and sustain the ring. Very well; he is doing this.—They employed a broker in Philadelphia by the name of Yerkes. I do not speak of what is charged, but of what is proven by the books of Yerkes. This transaction amounted in one year to hundreds of thousands of dollars, and you will find that Mr. Mackey, the state treasurer, received his share, and unfortunately the candidate for governor received his share. Now it is said by their party supporters that other *men did the* very *same thing*. They say they did no more than other auditor generals and state treasurers have done. It was the good fortune then of those who did it not to be found out, and it will be the pleasure of the people of Pennsylvania, as it is their highest duty, when they are found out not to give them suffrages or elevate them to higher places. Now, my friends, I never had the support of members of the treasury ring, and never had their votes. It was my good fortune not to have their friendship. When I was in England, on my way home, I found the ticket nominated and I made up my mind then that the ticket might be withdrawn, as there seemed to be some arrangement to effect that purpose, and I hoped it would be. I have no hesitation in saying to-night that if such a man as Mr. Ketchum or Colonel Jordan, who were both candidates, had been nominated at Harrisburg, I would not be in your presence; but if they choose to take a man from that Pennsylvania treasury combination or ring, I would be insensible to gratitude and false to the trust imposed in me if I dared to declare myself in favor of it. I knew very well the penalty of my present course, and I discounted it before taking the stand I did. I only regret, my friends and neighbors, that it pleased Providence to throw me upon a bed of sickness. I lost nearly a month. If I had had my health and strength I would have traveled from Lake Erie to the Delaware. [Applause.] I have a perfect right to stand by you, fellow citizens of Pennsylvania, a right to affiliate with any party who will purify the government of my state. [Applause.] I have no doubt that to-night I stand in the presence of many of my friends and neighbors who would not have been here if I had not declared these sentiments. I have no doubt that if I could look over this crowd and could see it, I would note the absence of many of my old friends. [Laughter, and a voice "there is plenty of new ones in their places."] I accord to every American citizen the right to express his sentiments and exercise the highest, noblest and most sacred duty which an American citizen performs, that of exercising the duty of suffrage—the casting of his ballot. And has it come to this, when a man chooses to cast his ballot from an honest conviction that it is his duty to cast it for honest men and against the ring surrounding the treasury of the state, and elbow deep in it, that he is to be denounced? I have no doubt that the word "traitor" will be freely used. Traitor to what? To his country, no; to party, what party? We all claim, democrats claim, and republicns claim, on the other side, that they are both parties of purity, and separated from all this I come here after an absence of three years and a half, without feeling any of this emotion, I look over the field and am prepared next Tuesday week to cast my ballot against the candidate of that ring. It is said, my friends, that if you vote for Buckalew you will vote for traitors, you will vote for rebel sympathizers, you will vote for men who held back during the war. I have heard that before, my friends, when the war was closed by the courage of the soldiers. It was not by statesmen, nor by generals. They did their part, but we sustained our government, maintained its integrity by the force, power and courage of the men who carried muskets and held sabres. Remember, my friends, it is not generals, colonels, captains or majors that preserved to us this heritage of liberty and equality which we received from our ancestors. We owe it to the common soldier.—Where is he? He is not elevated. He served his country faithfully and he is now serving the country by his labor. We find when the war closed men who clamored most that rebels should be shot were men who surrounded camps, who were quartermasters by profession, who bought oats and horses. I could name some of them to you to-night. I could tell you names of some who fattened on army contracts. Now they call a man who dares to assert his independence and his rights as an American citizen a traitor. And, my friends, I know that when the country was bleeding at every pore, when every household had lost its favorites, when there was blood upon every door-sill, when the graves of our brave men were in every cemetery in the state, when every breast blazed with enthusiasm, and when soldiers to save this government marched into the jaws of death, these men furnished camps with horses, oats and hay, and fattened, and they were for hanging the rebels. Of all the men engaged in the war the most forgiving men were those who fought it out. We all advised men to go to the war. I did it with others. The soldiers forgave and forgot. Real soldiers, not the sham soldiers. The real soldier soon forgot his injuries, and with a desire to make this country prosperous, to return to friendship for these warring states, to give us peace, heaven born and blessed peace, and never again return to the fierce struggle and sectional hate. The governor referred briefly to the importation of negroes into this state for voting purposes, and ended by urging on his hearers the necessity of watching these freedmen who leave the District of Columbia to work on Cameron's railroad.

Mr. Curtin did not foreshadow his policy with regard to his future action on national questions.

* * *

Summing up the Evidence.

It is now time to deal with the men on trial before the people of Pennsylvania as courts of justice treat all culprits when they have them on trial.—The duty of the court is to sum up the evidence as it is presented for and against the prisoner at the bar. The candidates respectively for Auditor General and Governor represent in their persons the Cameron Treasury Ring now on trial, and while Hartranft and Allen are the individuals whose names appear most prominently in the struggle and proceedings of the trial now in progress, General Cameron, the tutor of all the political crime which has disgraced Pennsylvania for the last twenty-five years, is really the man on trial. As Hartranft and Allen are defeated by a round majority, so will his crimes be condemned, and his blurred and blotted political career rendered for all time to come a warning to men without brains or culture not to attempt to occupy dazzling heights in public affairs by the mere force of fraud, because when they have reached the summit of their glory it will be, like him, to be dashed back into an abyss of shame and condemnation from which there is no rescue.

What are the facts proven? What are the charges made?" *The Press* has led the cause of the people in this trial of the plunderers, and well may it now sum up the evidence. The charge was direct as to the Camerons' using of the public money to conduct their private banking operations, and the proof to sustain this charge is the record kept in the Auditor General's office. Gen. Hartranft was publicly appealed to to produce this record, but he refused, declaring that the people of Pennsylvania are not fit to know where their money is kept, and yet he asks the same people to vote him into a more important office to which he now aspires. In the face of this refusal, we sent a trusted correspondent to Harrisburg, who managed to get the facts desired, and thus the people were put into possession of the fearful truth that the Cameron banks of Lewisburg, Harrisburg, Middletown, and other localities are run principally with public money, by the profits of which he and those around him grow rich and secure the means to corrupt the Legislature, to sell the offices in its gift and vast corporate privileges in opposition to the true interests of the people and the spirit of our government. There is no rebuttal offered to these facts; not a single witness has been produced to show that the public money has never been thus used by the Cameron Ring, or that Cameron never paid the Legislature for the Senatorship. But, in the face of the fact that Hartranft holds the proof of all that has been alleged on this subject of thus using public money, and more than the people are allowed to learn, he and General Cameron encourage their organs to impugn the veracity of the witnesses who have convicted them.—Whenever an attorney is forced to restor to an attempt to break down a witness the court and jury at once conclude he has no case, as the people have long since concluded in the issue now being tried. The Cameron Treasury Ring have no case. The only question is, is the jury before which these bold, bad men have been tried composed of honest men? The evidence is clear and strong enough to convict. It is overwhelming and crushing. There are thousands of men in the penitentiaries of the country on much less evidence than that adduced against the Camerons, but it remains to be seen whether the jury will convict, whether the power of the arch corrupter extends to shape the verdict of a presumably honest people sitting in judgment on the proved criminal offence of a political scamp. If it does, we advise every man who holds a Pennsylvania security at once to sell out, for there will not be a dollar left in the sinking fund at the end of Hartranft's term as Governor, while the debt of the State will not be reduced a farthing. The necessities of the men who are now plotting to elect Hartranft, as well as their greed for money, are such as to force them, in case they can put the next governor of Pennsylvania into their pockets, to devote the resources of the sinking fund to cleaning out the vault accounts of the Treasury, and fixing up their own back accounts with the same department.

Gentlemen of the jury—by which we mean people of Pennsylvania—you have the evidence before you. It is for you to bring in a verdict through the ballot-box. The culprits on trial are well known to you. The chief among them has the mark of past condemnation upon him. His portrait has long hung in the political Rogues' Gallery. The Legislature of the State has branded him as a corrupter of its members, and the Congress of the nation has put on record a condemnation which holds him in general execration as a public blunderer. Thus sustained by judicial precedent, legislative action, and popular demands, if the verdict in October is not of condemnation of the Cameron Treasury Ring, all plundering of the people will hereafter pass at a premium. If the people do not resist the defiance of their will as made by the last Republican State Convention, then let them hereafter not appeal to the action of an independent press and the leadership of independent men to crush wrong, and look to the three years of Hartranft's Gubernatorial power for an excess of the villainy by which the Cameron Treasury Ring heretofore blackened every Administration with which they had any power or influence.

Gentlemen of the jury, what say you? Is the prisoner at the bar guilty or not guilty?—*Press.*

* * *

Tickets to be Voted at October Election.

By the laws of this Commonwealth, in those Counties where several candidates are voted for on one piece or slip of paper, all candidates for State offices are to be voted for on one ticket, with the word "STATE" on the outside. All candidates for county offices, including State Senator and members of Assembly, and members of Congress, including those at large, on one ticket, with the word "COUNTY" on the outside; and all candidates for judicial offices on one ticket with the word "JUDICIARY" on the outside.

In accordance with these provisions, the names of the candidates for Governor and Auditor General will be printed on the ticket headed "STATE;" the names of the candidates for Judge of the Supreme Court, as well as those for Judges of the Court of Common Pleas, District Court, and Associate Judge, on a ticket with the word "JUDICIARY" on the outside; and the names of all candidates for Senator, Representatives, members of Congress (including those at large), and for all county offices except judiciary, on a ticket with the word "COUNTY."

In addition to these three tickets, the Act of April 11, 1872, provides that candidates for Delegates at Large to the Constitutional Convention shall be voted for on a separate ticket, having on the outside the words "DELEGATES AT LARGE," and that candidates for District Delegates to said Convention shall be voted for on a separate ticket, having on the outside the words "DISTRICT DELEGATES."

By another Act of Assembly, approved April 11, 1872, an additional ticket will have to be voted, for or against the proposed amendment to the Constitution, with words on the outside "AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION."

There will consequently be *six* tickets to be printed:—

I. One headed "STATE," containing the names of candidates for Governor and Auditor General.

II. One, headed "JUDICIARY," containing the names of candidates for Judge of the Supreme Court, and all other judicial offices to be filled in each County at this election.

III. One, headed "COUNTY," containing the names of all candidates for county offices, together with those for Senator, members of Assembly, and members of Congress at Large and District members of Congress.

IV. One, headed "DELEGATES AT LARGE," containing the names of candidates for Delegates at Large to the Constitutional Convention.

V. One, headed "DISTRICT DELEGATES," containing the names of Candidates for Delegates from each Senatorial District to the Constitutional Convention.

VI. One, headed "AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION," containing votes for or against the proposed amendment to the Constitution, relative to election of State Treasurer.

These regulations do not apply to the City of Philadelphia, nor to a few counties for which special provision is made by law, but to all other counties. And we have jointly agreed upon the foregoing to secure uniformity in the printing of ballots by both parties.

SAMUEL J. RANDALL,
Chairman Democratic State Committee.
RUSSELL ERRETT,
Chairman Republican State Committee.

* * *

The following is the tremendous speech recently delivered by Grant in Newark N. J:

"LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: I could not but feel grateful for the reception I have received at the hands of the citizens of Newark, of New-Jersey. To-day I had the pleasure of visiting the State Fair near Elizabeth, where I saw little else but people. I was at your Exposition to-night, and again I saw but little of what they had there to see. I hope to see to-morrow what I wanted to-night to see."

We add also the one made in Philadelphia last week:

GENTLEMEN AND MERCHANTS OF PHILADELPHIA: You have heard much better speeches to-night than I could make if I were so inclined. I am very glad to see you and am pleased to hear that you have been to hear such fine speeches and how you have been engaged to-night.

Comment we take it is perfectly unnecessary, as the immense mind of the speaker shines through the words like a candle from the inside of a hollow pumpkin.

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, Oct. 4, 1872.

A last Appeal.

Before another issue of the *Columbian*, the State election will have taken place and the great question whether honesty and integrity shall supplant fraud and corruption will have been decided. We therefore in these last moments of the campaign appeal earnestly to all good citizens, whether Democrats or Republicans, to lend their aid in the effort of defeat those base and venal politicians, who have prostituted the great powers of the State to the furtherance of their personal and selfish aims and to the manifest injury of the people.

There is no doubt that with a full and fair vote the election can be carried for Buckalew and Reform, but to obtain such vote will require both the presence and watchfulness of all of our citizens who have the welfare of the Commonwealth at heart. It will be necessary not only to vote but to see that your neighbor votes as well, and to watch carefully the polls that no illegal ballot be deposited. Our opponents are desperate and will shrink from no means to obtain success. Be vigilant, and their plans will fail.

Let not a vote stay at home on the 8th of October next, and the conclusion of that day's work will be a victory which will ensure the regeneration of official purity in the State Government by the election of honest men to fill the places of those who have shown themselves utterly unworthy their high positions.

Columbia county should prove, by an overwhelming majority for Charles R. Buckalew, that *her* citizens at least have no sympathy with public plunderers.

It is full time that honest men should rule in Pennsylvania!

At Last!

Yerker and Marcer of Philadelphia have at last been pardoned! The desperation of the Cameron ring is so great that they have commenced robbing the penitentiary. These men were fairly tried, and after a full hearing were sentenced to two years and nine months for the larceny of public monies. They were magnificent scoundrels and had stolen by the hundreds of thousands.

"Dear Yerkes," however, was Hartranft's pet friend. He had acted as his broker, his speculations with state money reaching $681,000! He used him to buy state bonds at a low rate for himself and then sold them to himself as a commissioner of the sinking fund for the highest figure. His profits, as sworn to by Yerkes were enormous.—The law makes it a penitentiary offence to loan with or without interest, or for any speculative purpose, public funds by those who have charge of them. Yerkes and Marcer for this were convicted, but their partner in crime—John F. Hartranft—*has been nominated for Governor*. He and Mackey petitioned for their pardon, and at last they have been released in time to vote for their partner, and if Hartranft is elected the same game may be repeated.

Yerkes' denial of his former affidavits does not effect them, as they are too strongly corroborated and it is well known the denial was obtained by promise of a pardon. It is not even sworn to. Even the Pittsburg *Chronicle* and Washington *Chronicle* two strong administration papers admit that there will be a loss to Hartranft of 10,000 votes.

The Penitentiary to the Rescue,

Pennsylvania, under the rule of Simon Cameron, has been brought to many a shame;—but she never before reached so low a pass as on the last Friday night, when,—the President of the United States conniving,—her Governor robbed the penitentiary to re-enforce a declining and desperate party. Well may that earnest advocate of President Grant's re-election, *The Pittsburgh Chronicle*, shrink back in horror from so astounding an insult to the people of the State as "pressing the penitentiary into the canvass."

Charles T. Yerkes, jr., then is the man on whom Hartranft relies for his election. The convict from the Pennsylvania Penitentiary is to make the Pennsylvania Governor. Then give him the striped jacket for his robe of office!

The bargain is palpable. The officer before whom Yerkes made his affidavit against Hartranft knows him well. He declares that the affidavit was duly made; that he saw the signature, knows all the case, knows there was no deception. The canvass being desperate, Yerkes is brought out. Within an hour he has signed an affidavit declaring his former one false! Who can doubt that it *was* "business misfortune" that won the pardon? But that business operation, like the others, will fail. The price of pardon was merely perjury; but the convict's oath will only impel honest men to loathe the man that seeks and the Governor that sells it, and to register at the ballot-box their stern condemnation of both. Pennsylvanians! we do not doubt your action! You have not yet fallen to accept your Governor at the hands of your Penitentiary!—*Tribune.*

This is the way one of Grant's newspapers, in Philadelphia, speaks of the man whom all Republicans once honored as the "great War Governor."

"Andrew G. Curtin, during his whole life has been a sham and a fraud—a time server—a lickspittle—a political strumpet—a streperous, but always adscititious patriot—a fellow who could crook the pregnant hinges of the knee that thrift might follow fawning. And now this wretched creature, after having been honored far beyond his deservings, has the effrontery to write a letter to the corrupt Col. McClure, in which he has the impudence to say: 'I shall vote in October for honest government!' He will vote for Buckalew, the traitor. The wretched demagogue! False to every public and private obligation! Let him go! 'Tis but a vote lost—for not an honest man in the Commonwealth will go with him!"

"The Evening Bulletin" Slanders.

Our opponents are circulating by the ton copies of the *Evening Bulletin*, under date of September 21st 1872, containing nine and a half columns of closely printed matter under the head of "Buckalew's Record." A more mendacious statement we never saw and we propose to examine the evidence upon which it is based. We premise by calling attention to the fact that on the eve of a campaign it is a common trick of our opponents to get up sensational charges against candidates knowing the impossibility of refuting them. The charges in the *Bulletin*, if true, could have been produced eight years ago and it is self evident that they are hatched for the occasion.

We shall not deal with the inuendoes, inferences or surmises of the *Bulletin*, but answer the alleged facts upon which they rest.

1st. THE NOB MOUNTAIN MEETING.

Garbled extracts are made from the speeches of several gentlemen who were there, *but not a single extract from any of those delivered by Mr. Buckalew.* Even in making quotations from those of other speakers, parts of sentences are taken and added to other detached phrases so as to pervert their meaning. The meeting was held a year after the close of the war.

2d. THE EVIDENCE IN THE TRIAL OF THE COLUMBIA COUNTY PRISONERS.

The testimony of a large number of witnesses were taken before the Court Martial, but the *Bulletin* produces only that of a few witnesses for the prosecution. *Not a single witness however implicates Mr. Buckalew* nor mentions his name. We positively and emphatically deny that Senator Buckalew was present at or addressed the Rantz meeting as alleged, and challenge the proof. Of all the witnesses examined who were present at that gathering not one asserts that he was there.

3d. COL. STEWART'S AFFIDAVIT.

Gen. Couch never gave Stewart any such orders as he alleges and he can neither produce a copy, nor will Couch corroborate him. *There never was a piece of artillery on the Fishingcreek during the war, the sign of an enbankment,* nor an organized body of armed men, nor was there a scintilla of evidence before the Court Martial to prove it. The men arrested were not drafted men nor had they resisted the draft.

The editor of the *Shenandoah Herald* was a soldier in the army of invasion and in his paper, (which is independent politically) says:

So it is with the charge of fathering the "Fishing Creek Confederacy" which is cast upon the statesman like shoulders of

BUCKALEW.

Yet we know this charge is false, for we were on the spot and took part in the celebrated campaign to crush it. Well do we remember the heroic charge we made on the supposed battlements of the confederates after a fortnight's preparation, reconnoitering, scouting and picketing and quite vivid is the picture still in our minds of the disgusted countenances of the one thousand braves as they reached the summit of the mount where we were taught to believe the Fishing Creek army was massed and which for one long month we had regarded with awe and expectancy, and found not a man, nor the meanest evidence that a man had ever been there. Such was our extreme disappointment that our sojourn in Columbia county was shortened none too soon and but a few days elapsed before not a soldier was to be seen where for six weeks all had been bustle, and activity. The Government was beautifully fooled by a few people who wanted to see the soldiers. In a word, impartial reader, let us inform you, that such a thing as a confederacy to resist the U. S. Government never existed in Columbia county, that the trouble that existed there during that interesting period of time when the draft was so severe, amounted to nothing more than what existed in this and other counties of the State, and that was the desertion of a few men that had been drafted and their refusal to appear when summoned in defence of their country. No open resistance, no organization is opposition to the federal authorities, nothing but the act of a few men who fled to escape being forced into the army—and this is the history of the "Fishing Creek Confederacy."

And yet no portion of Stewart's affidavit implicates Mr. Buckalew! He heard through scouts that Mr. B. had addressed the Rantz meeting, and on that rumor "sent a detachment to arrest him." As Mr. Buckalew never concealed himself and no arrest was ever made, it is fair to presume that Stewart discovered his information to be false. If true it could easily have been proven.

And now a word as to Col. Stewart. We will not go into his disgraceful army record but give a few facts in our knowledge. At a time when every brave soldier able to fight was at the front and when they were badly needed, this man sought and obtained a position where he could persecute innocent men and women, and levy black mail to his heart's content. For his benefit we produce the following affidavit, made over five years ago:

STEWART'S CORRUPTION PROVED—AFFIDAVIT OF ALEXANDER HESS.

State of Pennsylvania, county of Columbia, ss.:

Alexander Hess, of the said county being duly sworn, saith:

That he was drafted into the military service of the United States in the year A. D. 1864, that on the fifteenth day of September, A. D. 1864, he reported to Charles Stewart, lieutenant colonel commanding United States forces in Columbia county; that Colonel Stewart inquired of your deponent what sum of money he would give to be discharged from the draft, and not be further troubled, stating at the same time he had the authority to discharge him.

Your deponent replied that he was poor and not able to pay much, but offered to Colonel Stewart for a certificate of discharge *fifty dollars.* Stewart refused this and notified your deponent that he would be held to service and that he (Stewart) could do as he pleased with him. Finally he agreed to grant the discharge upon the payment of one hundred dollars. That sum was thereupon paid to him, the said Lieutenant Colonel Charles Stewart, and he gave a discharge of which the following is a copy:

HEADQUARTERS UNITED STATES FORCES,
September 15, 1864.

This is to certify that I have this day examined Alexander Hess, of Sugar Loaf township, Columbia county, and find him badly ruptured and unfit for service in the armies of the United States.
CHAS. STEWART,
Lieut. Col. Commanding.

That upon presenting the original of the foregoing certificate to William Silvers, deputy provost marshal of the district, he was informed that it was worthless, and that he must report; that your deponent then gave bond with security in the sum of two thousand dollars to report to the proper authorities whenever called upon; that he received a notice hereto annexed requiring him to report at Bloomsburg on the 25th of January, A. D. 1865; that he did so report, and was by them discharged, as is certified by the said deputy provost marshal, hereto annexed.
ALEXANDER HESS.

Sworn and subscribed before me the 25th of February, 1867.
JESSE COLEMAN,
[SEAL.] Prothonotary.

4th. MAGEE'S AFFIDAVIT.

Upon this single thread hangs the assertion that Buckalew was a member of the "K. G. C." Knights of the Golden Circle." What is his statement? That he found in a small blank book the Constitution, By-Laws and Minutes of "the Knights of the Golden Circle" with the name of "Charles R. Buckalew V. P." attached. It is a little singular that so important a document was not produced at the Court Martial, and has since been lost or stolen in a mysterious manner; and further, that the possession of this valuable secret has been locked in the breast of Magee for eight long years. But, besides, the absurdity of basing a charge upon such a flimsy pretext, we respectfully suggest why was not the fact proven by Ed. McHenry and other Government witnesses upon the Court Martial who were members of the alleged K. G. C? With this evidence in their possession why did the Government arrest poor innocent men and let Senator Buckalew go? The charges are now made for the first time and as we have shown by the evidence itself, does not directly nor indirectly implicate Mr. Buckalew, who so far from discouraging the war was constantly voting for men and money for its vigorous prosecution. It is folly to presume that he would vote for measures to suppress the rebellion in the South, and foment or countenance one at home, which would inevitably ruin himself and those engaged in it.

It is utterly false that cheers were given in front of his house for "Jeff Davis, the Southern Confederacy and Charley Buckalew." No man of responsibility asserts it. We dispose of all these slanders by appending the affidavit of Capt. Silvers the Deputy Provost Marshal who was cognizant of all the facts:

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA }
COUNTY OF COLUMBIA } S. S.

Personally appeared before me, a Notary Public in and for said County, Capt. William Silvers who being by me first duly sworn, deposes and says that he has carefully read a lengthy article in the Philadelphia *Evening Bulletin* of Saturday, Sept. 21st inst. about Mr. Buckalew and the so-called "Fishing Creek Confederacy" together with the affidavit of Col. Charles Stewart making charge against said Charles R. Buckalew which are so false that I think it a duty as a citizen and a neighbor to correct them, not for any political result, but in justice to Mr. Buckalew, and with the assurance that I know more about the draft troubles in this County than either the editor of the *Bulletin*, or Col. Charles Stewart who was in the county but a few days. Deponent further says that after he was disabled and honorably discharged from the army he was appointed by Gov. A. G. Curtin Draft Commissioner for Columbia county, and was subsequently appointed Deputy Provost Marshal of the 13th District which office he held until the close of the war, and therefore thinks he had better opportunity of knowing the affairs of this County during the war than the Editor of the *Bulletin*, or Col. Stewart. The latter asserts that, he had received orders faom Gen. Couch to proceed to Fishing Creek Columbia county and "to kill, capture or drive these men out of the County" this is materially different from the orders given deponent as Deputy Provost Marshal, by either Gen. Couch or Major R. I. Dodge, Provost Marshal of the State, both of whom were here. Deponent's orders from both was to be firm with the men charged with desertion, but to use no violence unless under compulsion. The statement of Col. Stewart is false also, in stating that Mr. Buckalew addressed the "Rantz Meeting" on Sunday August 14th, 1864. I was informed of an intended meeting the Saturday night previous and proceeded through the woods to watch the movement, but Mr. Buckalew neither addressed the meeting, nor was he at any time present. At the trial of the arrested men at Harrisburg nor since until this campaign was he accused of being there, and if he had been, he would have been arrested with the rest. Col. Stewart states another falsehood when he says, that he detailed Lieut. Magee to arrest Mr. Buckalew, that the latter absented himself, and that Magee could not arrest him. I could have arrested Mr. Buckalew at any time had I received orders so to do either at his home or whilst Congress was in session, I further assert Col. Stewart while here arrested alleged deserters and received money from them, giving them written discharges, but that the men were subsequently held to service; and that I wrote to him asking his authority for so doing; he replied by stating that "the government wanted "*money* and not *men*," whereupon I report the facts to the Provost Marshal and he was immediately relieved from his command. I furthermore swear that in all my searches through Columbia & Sullivan Counties I never found the least trace of earthworks or fortifications, nor did I have any knowledge of Artillery to resist the draft or U. S. troops.
WILLIAM SILVER.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 30th day of September 1872.
WILLIAM PEACOCK,
NOTARY PUBLIC.

THE REGISTRY LAW.

How to Vote if not Registered.

A Word to the Naturalized, the Laboring Men and Others.

To the Democratic and Liberal Republican Voters of Pennsylvania: It may appear that by some fraud or criminal neglect your name is omitted from the registry list. Understand that this will not deprive you of your vote.

YOU CAN VOTE ALTHOUGH NOT REGISTERED,

but it is required, if not registered, that the voter make an affidavit, stating to the best of his knowledge and belief, where and when he was born, and that he is a citizen of Pennsylvania and of the United States, that he has resided in the state one year, or if formerly a citizen therein and removed therefrom, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election; that he has not moved in the district for the purpose of voting therein; that he has paid a state or county tax within two years, which was assessed at least ten days before the election, and the affidavit shall state when and where the tax was assessed and paid and the tax receipt must be produced unless the affidavit shall state that it has been lost or destroyed, or that he received none. In addition to this, you must prove by the written affidavit of some qualified voter in your district your precise residence in that district for at least ten days next preceding the election.

NATURALIZED CITIZENS.

Naturalized citizens, in addition to all this, must state in their affidavits when, where and by what court they were naturalized, and must produce their papers.

The necessary blanks for making these affidavits should be furnished to you by the election officers, upon your request; should they refuse, prepare them yourselves, embodying all the essential facts; and the election officers are bound to receive your vote.

Persons between twenty-one and twenty-two years old may vote on age as heretofore without payment of tax, whether registered or not.

Let no Democrat or Liberal Republican be deterred from voting by the provisions of this law. Every man who could vote prior to the passage of the registry law may still vote.

The law was intended to place so many obstacles in the way of the naturalized citizens as to disgust them and keep them from the polls. The radical party which passed the law, looks upon this class of our citizens with contempt; and hedges them about with requirements bristling with suspicion. So too this radical party, would degrade and humiliate the laboring men, whether native born or naturalized, by requiring them to mark the name of their employer opposite their own on the registry. This attempt to create an appearance of vassalage, or to indicate that laboring men have masters or owners on election day is one of the most infamous features of this disgraceful law. Naturlized citizens and all laboring men assert your manhood! Resent this insult. Comply with the law in order to secure its repeal by voting democratic and liberal republican ticket.

You may be challenged, although regularly registered. In that case the same proof must be made as was required under the old election laws. Be prepared! Take with you to the polls your tax receipts, your naturalization papers, and a friend who knows your residence.

You have the right to challenge. See that you use it.

Mark every name on the list that you do not know, and challenge every unknown person, whether registered or not, who presents himself to vote.

Do not be intimidated! This is your right and duty. Stand firmly and boldly all day at the polls. Let no illegal or doubtful votes be cast; see that every democrat votes, and a decisive and glorious result will award your labors.

ONLY the most surpassing effrontery could have dictated the insinuation that the opposition to General Hartranft proceeds from the apprehension that if elected Governor he would make a more rigorous investigation of the Evans matter. This is preposterous for a variety of reasons. If General Hartranft, and the Ring of which he is a prominent member, desired to probe that subject to the bottom, they have now every opportunity and all-sufficient power. Why don't they do it? Their former investigation was a farce, gotten up to whitewash certain State officials who attempted to defraud the Treasury of several hundred thousand dollars. Prominent among these officials, according to the statements of men high in the confidence of George O. Evans, stands General John F. Hartranft himself.—*Press.*

BUT few days remain until the election. Complete arrangements for bringing out every vote. On an average we generally have twenty votes at home in a township. That would lose us in the county 540 votes.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.
To whom it may concern: Whereas, my wife, Rose Cook, has left my bed and board without any cause, I hereby caution the public not to trust her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting.
MICHAEL COOK.
Centralia, Sep. 28th, 1872.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.
In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned administrators &c., of the estate of Riter W. Bowman, late of the township of Orange, in said county, deceased, will offer for sale on the premises on
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 26th, 1872,
at ten o'clock, a. m., the following valuable real estate in Orange township bounded and described as follows, to wit: By lands of John Neyhart, John Achenbach and Hiram R. Kline, containing
92 ACRES AND 120 PERCHES,
and allowance.
TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. &c.
ELIZABETH BOWMAN,
JOHN WELSH,
Administrators.
Oct. 3d, 1872.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.
In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned Administrator, &c., of the estate of Peter Strieker, late of Catawissa township, in said county, deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises on
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 19th, 1872,
at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, the following described HOUSE and LOT OF GROUND situated on the north side of Fourth Street in the town of Catawissa, county aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the north by an alley, on the east by lot of Phineas Wintersteen, on the south by Fourth Street, aforesaid, and on the west by an alley, being 50 feet in width and 210 feet in depth, whereon is erected a good FRAME HOUSE, and necessary outbuildings. Good well of water at the door.
CONDITION OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money shall be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. on the confirmation of sale and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from the confirmation nisi. Purchaser to pay for deed and stamps.
HIRAM J. REEDER,
Catawissa, Sep. 19, 1872. Administrator.

VALUABLE PROPERTY
AT
PUBLIC SALE.
The subscribers legatees under the last will and testament of Stephen Baldy, late of Catawissa, deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises, on
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 26th, 1872,
at ten o'clock, a. m., all that certain tract of land known as the Reitz farm, situated in Franklin township, Columbia county, about 2½ miles below Catawissa, adjoining lands of Michael Mensch, Joel Snyder and others, containing one hundred and forty-one acres, more or less, with improvements, consisting of a large two-story dwelling house, two large barns, and other necessary out buildings, a good apple orchard.
About two-thirds of this tract is cleared and in a high state of cultivation, a large part of it being river bottom, and the balance is well timbered with oak, chestnut, Pine &c., and to be sold subject to the dower secured upon the premises, the interest payable to the widow of John Reitz, deceased, and the principal upon her death to the heirs of said John Reitz, deceased. Amount of principal, $1744.66.
TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of ¼ of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, ¼ less the ten per cent. to be paid on the 1st day of April, 1873, when possession will be given, upon the purchaser securing the balance of the purchase, and the balance of the purchase money to be paid in three equal annual payments with interest payable annually from the 1st of April, A. D. 1873. Purchasers to pay for deed.
CATHARINE SCHMECK,
E. B. HAYHURST,
MATILDA HUGHES,
SUSAN M. MARTIN,
PETER R. BALDY,
Legatees.
Catawissa, Oct. 1st 1872.

DON'T
Be deceived, but for coughs, colds, sore throat, hoarseness and bronchial difficulties, use only
WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS
Worthless imitations are on the market, but the only scientific preparation of Carbolic Acid for Lung diseases is when chemically combined with other well-known remedies, as in these TABLETS, and all parties are cautioned against using any other.
In all cases of irritation of the mucous membrane these TABLETS should be freely used, their cleansing and healing properties are astonishing.
Be warned, never neglect a cold, it is easily cured in its incipient state, when it becomes chronic the cure is exceedingly difficult, use Wells' Carbolic Tablets as a specific.
JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt st., New York.
oct4 4w Sole Agent for United States.
Price 25 cents a box. Send for circular.

MY JOLLY FRIEND'S SECRET
A remarkable Book and great success. 18th Edition now ready for Agents. Nothing pays like it.
GEO. MACLEAN, Publisher, 731 Sansom St., Phila. oct4 4w

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THE NEW SPLENDIDLY ILLUSTRATED EDITION OF
ROBINSON CRUSOE.
Just out, is the most popular book in print. 528 pages, tinted paper, only $2.50 easy worth $3.50. Sells quick and fast. Paying $50 to $150 a week. Terms of this and our new Bibles, sent free, also, $30 Agents' P'k't Companion. Hubbard Bros. Publishers, 723 Sansom St., Phila. oct4 4w

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For Terms, for this and other Popular Works, address at once, MURPHY & CO., Publishers, Baltimore. oct4 4w

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LIFE IN UTAH
BEING AN EXPOSE of the SECRET RITES and MYSTERIES OF MORMONISM.
With a full and authentic history of POLYGAMY, by J. H. Beadle, Editor of the Salt Lake Reporter.
Agents are meeting with unexpected success, one reports over 186 subscribers in four days, another 71 in two days. Send for Circulars and see what the press says of the work. Address, NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, pa. oct4 4w

"God grant that this precious book may find its way to every family in the land," says a prominent reformer of T. S. ARTHUR'S last work,
Three Years in a Man-Trap.
Notwithstanding its immense sale, we desire to extend its influence still further, & call for more aid to introduce it to every corner of our land. It is highly endorsed by Judge Black, F. H. Orne, Neal Dow & others. Will do more good than any prohibition law ever framed. It sells beyond a parallel. Agents have done & are doing splendidly with it. One has sold over five hundred copies. Owing to its great success we are enabled to offer especially large discounts.—Send for illustrated circular & terms, & enter into this great work at once. J. M. STODDART & CO. Phila. oct4 4w

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN
JURUBEBA
BLOOD PURIFIER
It is not a physic which may give temporary relief to the sufferer for the first few doses, but which, from continued use brings Piles and kindred diseases to aid in weakening the invalid, nor is it a doctored liquor, which, under the popular name of "Bitters" is so extensively palmed off on the public as sovereign remedies, but it is a most powerful Tonic and alterative, pronounced so by the leading medical authorities of London and Paris, and has been long used by the regular physicians of other countries with wonderful remedial results.
Dr. Wells' Extract of Juruboba
retains all the medicinal virtues peculiar to the plant and must be taken as a permanent curative agent.
Is there want of action in your Liver & Spleen? Unless relieved at once, the blood becomes impure by deleterious secretions, producing scrofulous or skin diseases, Blotches, Felons, Pustules, Canker, Pimples, &c., &c.
Take Jurubeba to cleanse, purify and restore the vitiated blood to healthy action.
Have you a Dyspeptic Stomach? Unless digestion is promptly aided the system is debilitated with loss of vital force, poverty of the Blood, Dropsical Tendency, General Weakness or Lassitude.
Take it to assist Digestion without reaction, it will impart youthful vigor to the weary sufferer.
Have you weakness of the intestines? You are in danger of Chronic Diarrhoea or the dreadful Inflammation of the Bowels.
Take it to allay irritation and ward off tendency to inflammation.
Have you weakness of the Uterine or Urinary Organs? You must procure instant relief or you are liable to suffering worse than death.
Take it to strengthen organic weakness or life becomes a burden.
Finally it should be frequently taken to keep the system in perfect health or you are otherwise in great danger of malarial, miasmatic or contagious diseases.
JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St., New York.
Sole Agent for the United States.
Price $1 per Bottle. Send for Circular. oct4 4w

BORDENTOWN (N. J.) FEMALE COLLEGE.—Thorough instruction. Healthful and beautiful location. One of the most carefully conducted and best sustained Institutions in the State. For terms etc., address Rev. JOHN H. BRAKELEY, Ph. D. oct4 4w

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CHILD'S COMMENTATOR.
ON THE BIBLE, for the HOME CIRCLE.
1,200 pages, 250 Engravings. The best enterprise of the year for agents. Every family will have it. Nothing like it now published. For circulars address H. S. GOODSPEED & CO., 37 Park Row, New York. oct4 4w

AGENTS Wanted.—For Harriet Beecher Stowe's campaign book, with lives of the candidates and leading men of all parties. 20 Steel Portraits. $5 to $20 a day rapidly and easily made. Write and see. Particulars free.—WORTHINGTON, DUSTIN & CO. Hartford, Ct. oct4 4w

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Payable in New York City, for sale at prices that will pay over 13 per cent. on the investment. MUNICIPAL BONDS of the highest grade always on hand. THOS. P. ELLIS & CO., Bankers, 11 Pine St., New York. oct4 4w

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Crumbs of Comfort!
Stove Gloss!
UNPARALLELED SUCCESS!
Over Twenty-Four Thousand Gross Sold in Less Than Nine Months.
It Makes a Stove Shine like Burnished Silver.
Ask Your Storekeeper For It.
If he don't have it go to the next store; but don't be humbugged into buying or using any of the old polishes when you can get
CRUMBS OF COMFORT
At the Same Price.
Every Jobber and Retail Dealer in the United States has or will have it for sale.
H. A. BARTLETT & CO., Manufacturers, Philadelphia, Pa. oct4 4w

ASTHMA.
The subscribers are Manufacturer's Agents for R. W. Read's celebrated ASTHMA RELIEF, the best remedy for Asthma yet discovered. Instant relief guaranteed or purchase money refunded. The medicine is put up in three sizes, which retail for 25c., 50c. and $1. Persons remitting price will have the medicine sent free by mail or express. Also samples sent free to any who desire. EPHRIDGE, TULLER & CO., Rome, N. Y. oct4 4w

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THE
AVERILL CHEMICAL PAINT
Has Proven itself to be the HANDSOMEST AND MOST DURABLE EXTERIOR PAINT KNOWN.
Sample card of beautiful colors and recommendations from owners of the finest residences in the country furnished free by all dealers and by AVERILL CHEMICAL PAINT CO., 32 Burling Slip, New York, or, Cleveland, Ohio. oct4 4w

Death! Bad Breath!
Millions of young and old people (both sexes) are tortured daily with disordered Stomach, Blood, Heart, Liver, Kidneys, viz.; Ague, nervous headache palpitation, giddiness, drowsiness, no energy, dyspepsia, catarrh, rheumatism, neuralgia, gravel, weak back, constipation, piles, &c., &c. We religiously commend our GOLDEN PACKAGES. Never fail. Mailed free for $1. Describe your case. Circulars free. Address CITY INFIRMARY, Youngstown, O. oct4 4w

BARLOW'S INDIGO BLUE
Is the cheapest and best article in the market for Blueing Clothes. The genuine has both Barlow's and Wiltberger's name on the label, and is put up at Wiltberger's Drug Store, No. 233 North Second St., Philadelphia. D. S. WILTBERGER, Proprietor. For sale by Druggists and Grocers. oct4 4w

AGENTS WANTED.—Agents make more money at work for us than at anything else. Business light and permanent. Particulars free. G. STINSON & Co., Fine Art Publishers, Portland, Maine. oct4 4w

5000 AGENTS WANTED.—Samples sent free by mail, with terms to clear from $5 to $10 per day. Two entirely new articles, salable as flour. Address N. H. WHITE, Newark, N. J. oct4 4w

GENERAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, by the laws of this Commonwealth it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every county to give notice of the general Election, by publication in one or more newspapers in the county, at least twenty days before the election, and to enumerate therein the officers to be elected and to designate the place at which the election is to be held.

Therefore, I, AARON SMITH, High Sheriff of Columbia county, do hereby make known and proclaim to the qualified electors of Columbia county, that a general Election will be held on TUESDAY, THE EIGHTH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1872, (being the second Tuesday in said month,) at the several districts within the county, to wit:

Beaver township, at the public house of Thos. J. Shuman.

Benton township, at the public house of Hiram Hess, in the town of Benton.

East Bloom, at the Court House in Bloomsburg.

West Bloom, at the Court House, in Bloomsburg.

Borough Berwick at the store of John McAnall in the borough of Berwick.

Borough Centralia, at the public house of H. A. Weidensaul.

Briarcreek township, at the public school house near Evansville.

Catawissa township, at the public house of Samuel Kostenbauder, in the town of Catawissa.

Centre township, at the school house near Lafayette Creasy's.

North Conyngham District at the school house near the colliery of John Anderson & Co.

South Conyngham District, at the house of Thomas Kitzer, lately fixed by a vote of the citizens of that township.

Fishingcreek township, at the school house near C. B. White.

Franklin township, at the Lawrence school house.

Greenwood township, at the house of Joseph R. Patton.

Hemlock township, at the public house of Chas. H. Dietterich in the town of Buck Horn.

Jackson township, at the house of Ezekiel Cole.

Locust township, at the public house of Ludwig Thiel, in Numedia.

Mifflin township, at the public house of Aaron Hess, in the town of Mifflinville.

Madison township, at the public house of Samuel Rimby, in Jerseytown.

Mt. Pleasant township, at the house of Samuel Rimby, in Jerseytown.

Mt. Pleasant township, at the house of H. W. Mellick.

Montour township, at the house of Wm. Hollingshead.

Main township, at the public house of Abraham K. Shuman.

Roaringcreek township at the house formerly occupied by Geo. W. Dreisbach.

Orange township, at the public house of Wm. Unangst.

Pine township, at the Centre School House lately fixed by a vote of the citizens of said township.

Sugarloaf township, at the house of Allmas Cole.

Scott township, at the public house of Wm. Pettit in Espy.

At which time and places the qualified electors will elect by ballot the following State and County officers, viz:

One person for Governor, one person for Auditor General, one person for Judge of the Supreme Court, Three persons for Congressmen-at-large, twenty-eight persons for Members of Constitutional Convention, at-large, one person for President Judge, one person for Congress, one person for Senator, one person for Representative, three persons for Constitutional Convention, one person for Prothonotary, one person for Register and Recorder, one person for Commissioner, one person for Auditor.

It is further directed that the election polls of the several districts shall be opened between the hours of six and seven o'clock in the forenoon, and shall continue open without interruption and adjournment until seven o'clock in the evening when the polls shall be closed.

Pursuant to the provisions contained in the 76th section of the act first aforesaid, the judges of the aforesaid districts shall respectively take charge of the certificates of return of the election of their respective districts, and produce them at a meeting of one judge from each district at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on the third day after the day of the election, being on Friday, the 11th day of October, 1872, at 10 o'clock, a. m., then and there to do and perform the duties required by law of said judges.

Also, that where a judge, by sickness or unavoidable accident, is unable to attend such meeting of judges, then the certificate or return shall be taken charge of by one of the inspectors or clerks of the election of the district, who shall do and perform the duties required of said judge unable to attend.

The return Judges of the Congressional District composed of the counties of Columbia, Bradford, Sullivan, Wyoming and Montour shall meet at the Court House in Tunkhannock, Wyoming co., on Tuesday, October 15th, 1872, to make out the returns for members of Congress from this District.

The Return Judges of the Senatorial District composed of the counties of Columbia, Montour, Sullivan and Lycoming shall meet at the Court House at Williamsport, Lycoming county, on Tuesday, the 15th day of October next, to make out the returns for Senator from this district.

The Return Judges of the Judicial District composed of the counties of Columbia, Sullivan, and Wyoming shall meet at the Court House in Tunkhannock, on Tuesday the 15th day of October next, to make out the returns for President Judge of this district.

The following Act of Assembly, regulating the mode of voting in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, was passed March 30th, 1866, and reads thus:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same that the qualified voters of the several districts in the several counties of this commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections, are hereby hereafter authorized and required to vote by tickets printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all Judges of Courts voted for, and labelled, outside, "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the State officers voted for, and to be labelled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers voted for, including the office of Senator, Member and Members of Assembly, if voted for and members of Congress, if voted for, and be labelled "County;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for and be labelled, "Township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough offices voted for, and be labelled "Borough;"

SECTION 2. That it shall be the duty of the Sheriff in the several counties of this Commonwealth to insert in their election proclamations, hereafter issued the first section of this act.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That every person excepting Justices of the Peace who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or of this State, and city or corporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the Legislature, executive or Judiciary Department of this State, or of any city or of any incorporated district, and also, that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Inspector, Judge or other officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

The Inspectors and Judges of the elections shall meet at their respective places appointed for holding the election in the district to which they respectively belong, before seven o'clock in the morning, and each of said inspectors shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such district.

In case the person who shall receive the second highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for judge at the next preceding election shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected judge shall appoint an inspector in his place—and in case the person elected judge shall not attend, then the inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a judge in his place—or if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward, or district for which such officers shall have been elected, present at such election shall elect one of their number to fill such vacancy.

"It shall be the duty of the several assessors respectively to attend at the place of holding every general, special or township election, during the whole time such election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the inspectors and judges, when called on in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such election, and on such other matters in relation to the assessment [illegible] inspectors or either of them shall from time to time require.

"No person shall be permitted to vote at any election as aforesaid other than a white freeman of the age of twenty-one years or more, who shall have resided in the State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or county tax which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this State and returned and who shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes, as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months, Provided, that white freemen, citizens of the United States between the age of twenty-one and twenty-two who have resided in the election district ten days as aforesaid shall be entitled to vote although they shall not have paid tax.

No person shall be permitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the Commissioners, unless First, he produces a receipt for the payment within two years of a State or county tax assessed agreeably to the Constitution and give satisfactory evidence either on his oath or affirmation or the oath or affirmation of other, that he has paid such a tax, or on failure to produce a receipt shall make oath to the payment thereof. Second if he claim the right to vote by being an elector between the age of twenty-one and twenty-two years, he shall depose an oath or affirmation that he has resided in this State at least one year next before his application, and make such proof of residence in the district as is required by this act, and that he does verily believe from the account given him, that he is of age aforesaid, and such other evidence as is required by this act; whereupon the name of the person thus admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the inspectors, and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word "tax," if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid tax; or the word "age," if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of such age which shall be called out to the clerks, who shall make the like notes on the list of voters kept by them.

In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is not found on the list furnished by the commissioners and assessor, or his right to vote, whether found thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided within the State for one year or more his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but shall make proof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided in the district for more than ten days next immediately preceding such election, and shall also himself swear that his bona fide residence, in pursuance of his lawful calling, is in said district, and that he did not remove into said district for the purpose of voting therein.

Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall make due proof, if required, of the residence and payment of taxes as aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district in which he shall reside.

If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of any election under this act from holding such election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, or shall block up the windows or avenue to any window where the same may be holding, or shall riotously disturb the peace at such election, or shall use any intimidating threats, force or violence, with design to influence unduly or overawe any elector, or to prevent him from voting or to restrain the freedom of choice, such person, on conviction, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, and imprisoned for any time not less than three nor more than twelve months, and if it shall be shown to Court, when the trial of such offence shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or township where the offence was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, then on conviction he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years.

If any person, not by law qualified, shall fraudulently vote at any election of this Commonwealth, or being otherwise qualified shall vote out of his proper district, or if any person knowing the want of such qualification, shall aid or procure such person to vote, the person offending shall on conviction be fined in any sum not exceeding two hundred dollars, and be imprisoned in any term not exceeding three months.

If any one shall vote at more than one election district, or otherwise fraudulently vote more than once on the same day, or shall fraudulently fold and deliver to the inspector two tickets together, with the intent illegally to vote, or who shall procure another to do so, he or they offending shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for a term not less than three nor more than twelve months.

If any person not qualified to vote in this Commonwealth agreeably to law (except the sons of qualified citizens,) shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of influencing the citizens qualified to vote, he shall on conviction forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for every such offense and be imprisoned for a term not exceeding three months.

THE REGISTRY LAW.

I also give official notice to the electors of Columbia county that by an act, entitled "An Act further supplemental to the act relative to the elections of this Commonwealth," approved April 17th, A. D. 1869, it is provided as follows:

Sec. 3. After the assessments have been completed on the tenth day preceding the second Tuesday in October of each year, the assessor shall, on the Monday immediately following, make a return to the county commissioners of the names of all persons assessed by him since the return required to be made by him by the second section of this act, noting opposite each name the observations and explanations required to be noted as aforesaid; and the county commissioners shall thereupon cause the same to be added to the return required by the second section of this act, and a full and correct copy thereof to be made, containing the names of all persons so returned as resident taxables in said ward, borough, township or precinct, and furnish the same together with the necessary election blanks, to the officers of the election in said ward, borough, township or precinct, on or before six o'clock in the morning of the second Tuesday of October, and no man shall be permitted to vote at the election on that day whose name is not on said list, unless he shall make proof of his right to vote, as hereinafter required.

Sec. 4. On the day of the election any person whose name is not on the said list, and claiming the right to vote at said election, shall produce at least one qualified voter of the district as a witness to the residence of the claimant in the district in which he claims to be a voter for the period of at least ten days next preceding said election, which witness shall take and subscribe a written, or partly written and partly printed affidavit to the facts stated by him, which affidavit shall define clearly where the residence is of the person so claiming to be a voter; and the person so claiming the right to vote shall also take and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit, stating to the best of his knowledge and belief, where and when he was born, that he is a citizen of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and of the United States; that he has resided in the Commonwealth one year, or if formerly a citizen therein, and has moved therefrom, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election; that he has not moved into the district for the purpose of voting therein; that he has paid a State or county tax within two years, which was assessed at least ten days before said election; and, if a naturalized citizen, shall also state when, where and by what court he was naturalized, and shall also produce his certificate of naturalization for examination; the said affidavit shall also state when and where the tax claimed to be paid by the affiant was assessed, and when, where and to whom paid, and the tax receipt therefor shall be produced for examination, unless the affiant shall state in his affidavit that it has been lost destroyed, or that he never received any, but if the person so claiming the right to vote shall take and subscribe an affidavit, that he is a native born citizen of the United States (or if born elsewhere, shall state the fact in his affidavit, and shall produce evidence that he has been naturalized, or that he is entitled to citizenship by reason of his father's naturalization;) and shall further state in his affidavit that he is, at the time of taking the affidavit between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years; that he has resided in the State one year and in the election district ten days next preceding such election, he shall be entitled to vote, although he shall not have paid taxes; and the said affidavits of all persons making such claims, and the affidavits of the witnesses to their residence, shall be preserved by the election board, and at the close of the election they shall be enclosed with the list of voters, tally list and other papers required by law to be filed by the return judge with the prothonotary, and shall remain on file therewith in the prothonotary's office subject to examination, as other election papers are; if the election officers shall find that the applicant or applicants possess all the legal qualifications of voters, he or they shall be permitted to vote, and the name or names shall be added to the list of taxables by the election officers, the word "tax" being added where the claimant claims to vote on tax, and the word "age" where he claims to vote on age; the same words being added by the clerks in each case respectively on the list of persons voting at such election.

Sec. 5. It shall be lawful for any qualified citizen of the district, notwithstanding the name of the proposed voter is contained on the list of resident taxables, to challenge the vote of such person; whereupon the same proof of the right of suffrage as is now required by law shall be publicly made and acted on by the election board and the vote admitted or rejected, according to the evidence; every person claiming to be a naturalized citizen shall be required to produce his naturalization certificate at the election before voting, excepting where he has been for ten years, consecutively, a voter in the district in which he offers his vote; and on the vote of such person being received, it shall be the duty of the election officers to write or stamp on such certificate the word "voted," with the month and year; and if any election officer or officers shall receive a second vote on the same day, by virtue of the same certificate excepting where sons are entitled to vote by virtue of the naturalization of their fathers, they and the person who shall offer such second vote, upon so offending shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, be fined or imprisoned, or both, at the discretion of the court; but the fine shall not exceed one hundred dollars in each case, nor the imprisonment one year; the like punishment shall be inflicted on conviction, on the officers of election who shall neglect or refuse to make, or cause to be made, the indorsement required as aforesaid on naturalization certificates.

Sec. 6. If any election officer shall refuse or neglect to require such proof of the right of suffrage as is prescribed by this law, or the laws to which this is a supplement, from any person offering to vote whose name is not on the list of assessed voters, or whose right to vote is challenged by any qualified voter present, and shall admit such person to vote without requiring such proof, every person so offending shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a high misdemeanor, and shall be sentenced, for every such offense, to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not more than one year, or either or both, at the discretion of the court.

Sec. 7. The respective assessors, inspectors and judges of the elections shall each have the power to administer oaths to any person claiming the right to be assessed or the right of suffrage, or in regard to any other matter or thing required to be done or inquired into by any of said officers under this act; and any wilful false swearing by any person in [illegible] matter or thing concerning [illegible] lawfully interrogated by [illegible] officers shall be punished as perjury.

Sec. 10. The assessors shall [illegible] same compensation for the [illegible] spent in performing the duties [illegible] ed as is provided by law [illegible] their other duties to be paid [illegible] missioners as in other cases [illegible] be lawful for any assessor [illegible] any person whatever within [illegible] ceding the election [illegible] Tuesday in October in any year [illegible] days next before any election [illegible] President and Vice-President of the United States; any violation of this provision shall be a misdemeanor and subject [illegible] to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or to imprisonment not exceeding three months, or both, at the discretion of the court.

Sec. 11. [illegible] overseers shall be selected from different political parties, where the inspectors belong to different political parties, and where both of said inspectors belong to the same political party, both of the overseers shall be taken from the opposite political party; said overseers shall have the right to be present with the officers of the election, during the whole time the same is held, the votes counted and the returns made out and signed by the election officers; to keep a list of voters, if they see proper; to challenge any person offering to vote, and interrogate him and his witnesses under oath, in regard to his right of suffrage at said election, and to examine his papers produced; and the officers of said election are required to afford to said overseers so selected and appointed every convenience and facility for the discharge of their duties; and if said election officers shall refuse to permit said overseers to be present, and perform their duties as aforesaid, or if they shall be driven away from the polls by violence and intimidation, all the votes polled at such election district may be rejected by any tribunal trying a contest under said election: *Provided*, That no person signing the petition shall be appointed an overseer.

Sec. 11. Any assessor, election officer or person appointed as an overseer, who shall neglect or refuse to perform any duty enjoined by this act, without reasonable or legal cause, shall be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars, and if any assessor shall assess any person as a voter who is not qualified, or shall refuse to assess any one who is qualified, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor in office, and on conviction be punished by fine or imprisonment, and also be subject to an action for damages by the party aggrieved; and if any person shall fraudulently alter, or add to, deface or destroy any list of voters made out as directed by this act, or tear down or remove the same from the place where it has been fixed, with fraudulent or mischievous intent, or for any improper purpose, the person so offending shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both at the discretion of the court.

Sec. 15. All elections for city, ward, borough, township and election officers shall hereafter be held on the second Tuesday of October, subject to all provisions of the laws regulating the election of such officers not inconsistent with this act; the persons elected to such offices at that time shall take their places at the expiration of the terms of the persons holding the same at the time of such election; but no election for the office of assessor or assistant assessor shall be held, under this act, until the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

In obedience to the requirement of John W. Geary, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, I hereby publish the Fifteenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States, the Act of Congress enforcing the same, and the Act of Assembly relative thereto:

The Fifteenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States is as follows:

"SECTION 1. The right of citizens of the United States shall not be denied or abridged by the United States, or by any State, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude."

"SECTION 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation."

An Act to enforce the right of citizens of the United States to vote in the several States of this Union and for other purposes:

"SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled.* That all citizens of the United States, who are or shall be otherwise qualified by law to vote at any election by the people, in any State, Territory, district, county, city, parish, township, school district, municipality, or other territorial subdivision, shall be entitled and allowed to vote at all such elections, without distinction of race, color, or previous condition of servitude; any constitution, law, custom, usage, or regulation of any State or Territory, or by, or under its authority, to the contrary notwithstanding.

"SECTION 2. *And be it further enacted*, That if by or under the authority of the Constitution or laws of any State, or the laws of any Territory, any act is or shall be required to be done as a prerequisite or qualification for voting, and by such Constitution or law, persons or officers are or shall be charged with the performance of duties in furnishing to citizens an opportunity to perform such prerequisite, or to become qualified to vote, it shall be the duty of every such person and officer to give to all citizens of the United States, the same and equal opportunity to perform such prerequisite, and to become qualified to vote without distinction of race, color, or previous condition of servitude; and if any such person or officer shall refuse or knowingly omit to give full effect to this section, he shall, for every such offense, forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars to the person aggrieved thereby, to be recovered by an action on the case, with full costs and such allowance for counsel fees as the court shall deem just, and shall also, for every such offense, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction thereof, be fined not less than five hundred dollars, or be imprisoned not less than one month and not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court."

A further supplement to the act relative to elections in this Commonwealth:

"SECTION 10. That so much of every act of Assembly as provides that only white freemen shall be entitled to vote or be registered as voters, or as claiming to vote at any general or special election of this Commonwealth, be and the same is hereby repealed; and that hereafter all freemen, without distinction of color, shall be enrolled and registered according to the provisions of the first section of the act approved seventeenth April, 1869, entitled "An Act further supplemental to the act relative to the elections of this Commonwealth," and when otherwise qualified under existing laws, be entitled to vote at all general and special elections in this Commonwealth."

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

At the same time and places, also, an election will be held for delegates to the convention to amend the Constitution of the State, in accordance with the Act, entitled "An Act to provide for calling a convention to amend the Constitution," approved April 11, 1872. As prescribed by said act, the following rules and regulations shall apply to said election, and the returns thereof:

First. At the general election to be held on the second Tuesday in October next, there shall be elected by the qualified electors of this Commonwealth, delegates to a convention to revise and amend the Constitution of this State; the said convention shall consist of one hundred and thirty-three members, to be elected in the manner following: Twenty-eight members thereof shall be elected in the State at large, as follows: Each voter of the State shall vote for not more than fourteen candidates, and the twenty-eight highest in vote shall be declared elected; ninety-nine delegates shall be apportioned to and elected from the different senatorial districts of the State, three delegates to be elected for each senator therefrom; and in choosing all district delegates, each voter shall be entitled to vote for not more than two of the members to be chosen from his district, and the three candidates highest in vote shall be declared elected, except in the county of Allegheny, forming the Twenty-third Senatorial District, where no voter shall vote for more than six candidates, and the nine highest in vote shall be elected; and in the counties of Luzerne, Monroe and Pike, forming the Thirteenth Senatorial District, where no voter shall vote for more than four candidates, and the six highest in vote shall be elected; and six additional delegates shall be chosen from the city of Philadelphia, by a vote at large in said city, and in their election no voter shall vote for more than three candidates, and the six highest in vote shall be declared elected.

Second. The judges and inspectors of the election districts shall provide two boxes for each poll, one in which to place tickets voted for Delegates at large, and the other in which to deposit the tickets voted for District Delegates; which boxes shall be respectively, "Delegates at Large" and "District Delegates;" and in each district in the city of Philadelphia an additional box shall be provided at each poll, in which to deposit the tickets voted for "City Delegates;" and such last mentioned boxes must each be labelled "City Delegates."

Third. The said election shall be held and conducted by the proper election officers of the several election districts of the Commonwealth, and shall be governed and regulated in all respects by the general election laws of this Commonwealth, so far as the same shall be applicable thereto, and not inconsistent with the provisions of said act.

Fourth. The tickets to be voted for delegates at large of the convention shall have printed or written on the outside the words "Delegates at large," and on the inside the names of the candidates to be voted for, not exceeding fourteen in number.

Fifth. The tickets to be voted for district members of the convention shall have printed or written on the outside the words "District Delegates," and on the inside the name or names of the candidates voted for, not exceeding the proper number as aforesaid; but any ticket which shall contain a greater number of names than the number for which the voter shall be entitled to vote shall be rejected; and in case of delegates to be chosen at large in Philadelphia, the words "City Delegates," shall be on the outside of the ticket.

Sixth. In the city of Philadelphia, the return judges shall meet at [illegible] o'clock on the [illegible] the election, and make out the returns of the votes cast therein for the city and district delegates to the convention; the return judges of the election districts [illegible] excluding Philadelphia [illegible] next following the [illegible] for the meeting of the [illegible] county and [illegible] for the county, of the votes cast [illegible] members of the convention [illegible] members of the same; and [illegible] the returns [illegible] and of the several [illegible] wealth, in the making of [illegible] the same as is now provided [illegible] the case of an election for [illegible] returns transmitted to [illegible] Commonwealth [illegible] alone [illegible] Speaker of the Senate.

F. JORDAN,
Secretary of [illegible]

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION.

WHEREAS, A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of this Commonwealth, has been agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each House of the Legislature, at two successive sessions of the same, which is as follows:

"JOINT RESOLUTION PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA.

"*Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met,* That the following amendment of the Constitution of this Commonwealth be proposed to the people for their adoption or rejection, pursuant to the provisions of the tenth article thereof, to wit:

AMENDMENT.

"Strike out the sixth section of the sixth article of the Constitution, and insert in lieu thereof the following: 'A State Treasurer shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at such times and for such term of service as shall be prescribed by law.'"

AND WHEREAS, It is provided in the tenth article of the Constitution that any amendment so agreed upon, shall be submitted to the people in such a manner and at such time at least three months after being so agreed to by the two Houses, as the Legislature shall prescribe [illegible]

AND WHEREAS, By an act of the General Assembly, of this Commonwealth, approved the eleventh day of April, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, it is provided that for the purpose of ascertaining the sense of the people of this Commonwealth in regard to the adoption or rejection of said amendment, the Governor of the Commonwealth [illegible] writ of election, directed to [illegible] Sheriff of this Commonwealth [illegible] them to give notice in the usual manner [illegible] less than two newspapers in each [illegible] ty, if as many are published [illegible] least two printed in [illegible] that in every city and [illegible] paper is published [illegible] in each of the townships [illegible] cincts and districts [illegible] day of October, in the year [illegible] thousand eight hundred and [illegible] the purpose of deciding [illegible] ratification or rejection of [illegible] which said election [illegible] closed upon the day [illegible] and within the hours [illegible] general elections [illegible] rected to be opened [illegible]

NOW THEREFORE, [illegible] ments of the tenth article [illegible] and in compliance with [illegible] meaning of the said act [illegible]

I, JOHN W. GEARY, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, [illegible] command [illegible] requiring [illegible] SMITH, Sheriff of the said county [illegible] in the usual manner [illegible] that an election will be held [illegible] terms of the [illegible] the act of the General Assembly [illegible] each of the townships, boroughs, wards, precincts and districts therein, on the second Tuesday, being the [illegible] day of October, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, for the purpose of deciding upon the approval and ratification or rejection of the said amendment [illegible]

That for the purpose of this Commonwealth [illegible] to the adoption or rejection [illegible] the Governor of the Commonwealth [illegible] a writ of election, directed to [illegible] Sheriff of this Commonwealth [illegible] them to give notice [illegible] less than two newspapers [illegible] ty, if as many are published [illegible] least two printed [illegible] trict in every city and county [illegible] paper is published [illegible] in each of the townships, boroughs, wards, precincts and districts [illegible] day of October, in the year [illegible] thousand eight hundred and [illegible] the purpose of deciding upon the approval and ratification or rejection of the said amendment, which said election shall be opened, held and closed, upon the day last aforesaid, at the places and within the hours at and within which the general elections of this Commonwealth are directed to be opened, held and closed; and it shall be the duty of the judges, inspectors and clerks of each of said townships, boroughs, wards, precincts and districts, to receive at the said election tickets, either written or printed, or partly written and partly printed, from the qualified voters of this state, who may offer the same, and to deposit them in a box or boxes to be, for the purpose, provided by the proper officers; which tickets shall be labeled on the outside "amendment to the constitution," and on the inside "for the amendment" or "against the amendment."

SECTION 2. That the election of the said proposed amendment shall, in all respects, be conducted as the general elections of this Commonwealth are now conducted; and it shall be the duty of the return judges of the respective counties and district thereof, first having carefully ascertained the number of votes given for or against such amendment, to make out duplicate returns thereof, expressed in words at length and not in figures only; one of which returns so made, shall be lodged in the prothonotary's office of the court of common pleas of the proper county, and the other sealed and directed to the secretary of the Commonwealth, and by one of said judges deposited forthwith in the most convenient post office, upon which postage shall be paid at the expense of the proper county.

Given under my hand, at my office, in Bloomsburg this 9th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, and in the ninety-seventh year of the Independence of the United States.

AARON SMITH,
Sheriff of Columbia County.

Bloomsburg, Pa., September 9, 1872.

THE COLUMBIAN

Friday, Oct. 4, 1872.

FRANK COOLEY,
ASSISTANT EDITOR.

Railroad Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG R. R.

	North.	South.
Mail	9:32 A. M.	4:57 P M.
Accommodation	6:10 A. M.	11:35 P M.
[illegible]	6:06 P. M.	9:32 A. M.

CATAWISSA R. R. FROM RUPERT STATION.

Going North.	Going South.
[illegible] P. M.	11:14 A. M.

LOCAL.

TAKE NO TICKETS FROM STRANGERS. EXAMINE EACH ONE CAREFULLY, BECAUSE OUR OPPONENTS WILL USE EVERY MEANS TO DECEIVE.

DEMOCRATS, read this paper and hand it to your Republican neighbors.

A HORSE belonging to Mr. Conner from Benton fell over the embankment above Light Street on Saturday last and was killed.

OWING to the pressure on our columns this week, we are unable to find space for the lengthy account of the Benton meeting sent us by Mr. Wenner.

GIVE next Tuesday to the election. Let no voter remain at home on such an important occasion. Let buckwheat lay a day.

WE give the ticket complete and correct on our fourth page. Cut it out, and vote it early. Take the other along for your neighbor.

WE are informed that the Exchange Block has been purchased by Messrs. Mayberry and George Hughes, Joshua Fetterman and C. R. Paxton for $15,000. We believe that a new Bank building for the First National Bank is in contemplation.

AT a meeting of Millard Lodge, No. 681 of Espy, held recently, the following officers were elected: Wm. G. Girton, N. G; O. P. Ent, V. G; Thomas B. Miller, Secretary; Daniel Mowry, Asst. Secretary; T. B. Strouse, Treasurer; T. F. Hayman, Rep., to Grand Lodge.

THE only way to achieve the grand purposes of the Democracy this year is to GET OUT THE VOTE! Talking is all right enough in its place, but WORK must be done to get the vote out. Roll up your sleeves, then, Democrats, and go in with a will.

DELEGATES at Large to the Constitutional Convention and District Delegates to the same must be voted for on two separate tickets, which must be kept in two different ballot boxes. Attention should be paid to this by election boards otherwise mistakes will occur.

THE Post-Office editors of Pennsylvania are denouncing Col. Forney for undertaking to destroy the reputation of Hartranft. An exchange remarks: "If we possessed such a reputation as Hartranft's, we should be very grateful to anybody who would destroy it."

HARTRANFT lobbied for the nine-million bill, Harrison Allen voted for it, the Cameron Ring, including the Harrisburg *Telegraph*, supported it, and Charles R. Buckalew opposed it. Yet the Ring champions of Hartranft now have the brassiness of cheek to assert that the nine million bill will be revived by Mr. Buckalew's election. Such recklessness indicates a considerable panic in the camp of the Ring.

TAX PAYERS, remember that John F. Hartranft, Grant's candidate for Governor of this Commonwealth, has been Auditor General of the State for six years. During this time George O. Evans (his special agent) carried on his swindling operations by which the tax payers and Treasury were robbed of nearly $300,000. Hartranft permitted Evans to get away with this enormous sum, while Hartranft kept it secret for three years, until an honest clerk made it public, whom Hartranft at once discharged, while according to Hartranft's sworn statement he had $7,000 of Evans' money in his pocket. Can you vote for this man for Governor in October?

BERWICK, or more properly Jackson & Woodinville has achieved fresh notoriety—has got into the papers and is disgracefully happy. It is thusly. Horace Greeley, one of the founders of the Republican party and a man of world-wide reputation on his way home from the West stopped a few moments at Berwick. The L. & B. R. R. depot for the time was brought into requisition, and banners suspended from it with such inscriptions as "Grant & Wilson," "This is not the road to Washington" "Greeley for Salt River" &c. In civilized communities such uncalled for insults are never known, but we presume it was ordered by the firm who own the majority of the men and most of the wealth there. Had Gen. Grant met with such a reception there, there would be a general howl of indignation, but because it was perpetrated upon the Democratic and Liberal candidate for President the small men of that purchased Borough laugh at their smart trick. Some men do glory in their disgrace, and Berwick should be happy of her distinction for meanness.

HARRISON ALLEN, Ring candidate for the Auditor Generalship, the principal financial office of the Commonwealth, has been conspicuous and notorious for many winters past among the corrupt Legislators at Harrisburg. He voted and lobbied for the "nine million steal." Yet tax-payers are asked to make him chief guardian of the Treasury and of the Sinking Fund. John F. Hartranft is said to have been an active lobbyist in favor of the same huge swindle, and we have no reason to doubt it. We are expected to elect him Governor. Political ethics must have sunk to an exceedingly low level when such men may aspire to such offices; when they may not only aspire but be nominated to them, and when upright, self-respecting citizens and tax-payers are confidently counted upon to support them.—*Press*

Hartranft's Lawless Speculations

HE USES THE PENSION MONEY OF THE WIDOWS AND ORPHANS.

Not content with his Evans bribe and with his heavy speculations in stocks, John F. Hartranft in his rapacity and greed, snatched up the pension money of widows and orphans in the hands of Major Calhoun. In a few months the amount of pension money drawn from Major Calhoun and deposited with Yerkes & Co. for the use of Hartranft, amounted to

$28,700,

as is seen by the following transcript from the books of Calhoun:

Dr. 1869.	J. F. H.	1869.	Cr.
August 21	$5,000	December 22	$8,700
" 30	8,700		
September 27	5,000		
October 5	5,000		
December 31	5,000		

General Hartranft was one of Major Calhoun's sureties and he availed himself of this relation to Calhoun to get unlawful possession of the pension money for purposes of speculation. The money was illegally drawn from the sub-treasury and placed with Yerkes for the use of Hartranft. By these operations Calhoun's accounts became confused, and he was finally dismissed the service in his endeavors to satisfy Hartranft's greed of gain. The following letter from Hartranft to Yerkes illuminates this transaction sufficiently for the most opaque mind among the adherents of the ring:

"AUDITOR GENERAL'S OFFICE, HARRISBURG, December 21, 1869.—*Dear Yerkes:* Calhoun telegraphed me to-day for money, and I had to give a check for $8,700, which he will present to you tomorrow (22d). I cannot avoid this. I met Mackey here on Monday. He went west in the afternoon and will not return until Monday. I did not think Calhoun would want any money *so soon*. I will see you on Saturday, and whatever you want done I will do. I will meet Mackey here on Monday, and whatever is necessary I will ask him to do. Yours, most truly

"J. F. HARTRANFT."

"P. S.—Will lift Calhoun's check on Saturday, and give you certificate of deposit to that amount. J. F. H."

There is no denying the genuineness of this letter, as in the case of the Yerkes affidavits. The hand writing of the author is too well known, and the *fac similes* of the letter have been scattered throughout Pennsylvania by the million. Much more curious interest is taken in them than in the photographs of Hartranft, sent out by Chairman Errett. If it had been feasible the authenticity of these self-confessing and self-convicting letters would also have been vehemently assailed. But the *fac simile* is as fatal as a photograph in the rogues' gallery.

An Audacious Swindle.

Government Clerks Detailed at the Public Expense to do Partisan work for Grant—Outrageous Violations of the Franking Law.

[From the Washington Patriot.]

The entire senate wing of the capitol of the United States has been turned into a great radical republican headquarters, for the use of the officers and clerks detailed from the different departments of the government. Every committee room and lobby is occupied; forty boys are engaged in folding and preparing documents for the mail, and stationery, belonging to the people, is being used without stint at the rate of over $1,000 worth daily. Query: Who is it that pays for the paper and paste? (paste, too, at $1 a bucket.) Who pays the wages of forty boys, at $40 per month? Who pays the room rent? and echo answers, who? The Washington city post-office has virtually been removed from F. street, between Seventh and Eight, to the capitol, and J. M. Edmunds, post master, occupies for his official headquarters the room of the committee on commerce, of which Zach Chandler is chairman. Here the postmaster may been seen daily from ten to three, controlling all matters connected with the diffusion of such interesting documents as the New York *Times*, the Binghamton *Journal*, the *Contrast*, and "What Horace Greeley knows" about this, and that, and the other, duly franked, contrary to law, for on the 20th of June, 1872, John A. J. Creswell, postmaster general, issued a pamphlet entitled "Partial regulations under the new postal code, 1872," in which appear the following paragraphs:

THE FRANKING PRIVILEGE.

The following persons are entitled to frank:

First—The President, by himself or his private secretary, to cover all mail matter.

Second—The vice president, to cover all mail matter.

Third—The chiefs of the several executive departments.

Fourth—Senators, representatives, and delegates in congress, and the secretary of the senate and clerk of the house of representatives, cover their correspondence and all printed matter issued by authority of congress, and all speeches, proceedings, and debates in congress.

And no person entitled by law to the franking privilege shall exercise said privilege otherwise than by his written autograph signature on the matter franked; and all mail matter not thus franked shall be charged with the legal rate of postage thereon. Code section 180.

Postmasters will carefully observe the foregoing instructions.

JOHN A. J. CRESWELL.
Postmaster General.

Post office department, June 20th, 1872.

In the face of the above law, twenty bags of franked mail matter are daily sent from the capitol by the radical republican committee, franked mostly by lady clerks. These bags contain about 100,000 letters, upon which the postage amounts to $3,000, or nearly $100,000 per month and all this is done under the direction of J. M. Edmunds, postmaster of the city of Washington, and chairman of this committee. A *Chronicle* branch office has been established in the committee room on buildings and grounds in the senate wing of the capitol, and here twelve girls are employed daily in folding the documents printed by Senator James Harlan, editor and proprietor of the above administration paper, and United States senator from the state of Iowa, until March 4, 1873. The same paper has also, as associate editor, Major Stanton, paymaster of the United States army, who draws his monthly pay from the United States treasury, but who is detailed for this special duty. The committee room on "southern outrages" is used by eight or ten lady clerks, whose salaries amount to $75 per month each, and paid out of the United States treasury, detailed to frank and direct letters to all parts of the country.

The other rooms now occupied by the administration party are the committee room on mines and mining, committee room on patents, committee room on claims, committee room on private land claims, committee room on military, committee room on District of Columbia, committee room on post office and post roads, committee room on public lands, committee room on enrolled bills, reporters' lobby and the lobby in front of committee room on post offices and post roads.—Several rooms are devoted to different states, such as Ohio, Indiana, Minnesota, New York, and to each of these rooms is detailed a $1,500 clerk. All the clerks in the interior department who signed the call for a mass meeting of soldiers and sailors to make arrangements to attend the convention at Pittsburg, September 17, in the interest of the radical party, have been promised ten days' leave of absence and a free pass there and back. All who belong to Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois are to have leave of absence from September 12 until November 12, with passes to their different homes to go and return, and then two months' salaries paid in advance. The appropriations for "special service" in different bureaus is the fund from which the money is to be drawn to meet all the expenses thus incurred.

Greeley at Bloomsburg.

On Thursday morning of last week a despatch was received at this place from Sam. J. Randall, Chairman of our State Central Committee that Horace Greeley would pass here at 9:30 a. m. A large crowd hastily collected at the Depot, but upon the arrival of the train found that the "Chappaqua Farmer" was not aboard. The following morning better informed gentlemen telegraphed that he would arrive on a special train at 10 o'clock. A Drum-Corps was hastily improvised—the band got out, and again a large crowd assembled at the depot, and Capt. Brockway, Chairman of Committee of arrangements, called the audience to order, saying, "The home of Charles R. Buckalew, the Reform candidate of Pennsylvania, welcomes Horace Greeley the candidate of those who desire national reform." The philosopher then, with his traditional kindly look and beaming countenance appeared upon the platform and made the following speech:

FELLOW-CITIZENS: I have but a few moments to remain with you, and these must be given to practical rather than to sentimental consideration. You are aware that you are near the center of a territory, 50 miles in extent either way, which must give the Reform candidates a majority, if majority they have. Now I have been travelling through other States as well as yours; I have found enthusiasm everywhere confidence everywhere but I found organization better in Indiana and Ohio than I find it in Pennsylvania. Organization seems to me your great lack. You need to know that every honest, legal voter, favorable to our interest will come to the polls on the 8th of next month. You need systematic, careful organization, such as will assure you that though the day may be stormy every man will do his duty. Now, don't mind great speakers; they are well, but you have made up your minds already. You know what you are going to do! you are determined to do this thing or that thing or the other in the election at hand. Take hold now on that work which is needed to make your resolve effectual—that is the remainder of the canvass. See to it that there may be more upright, correct, faithful, economic legislation, both at Washington and Harrisburg than there has been, and if our movement succeeds we hope that will be the case; that there will be generosity toward the unfortunate and defeated, and that there will be a stern resolution to root from our National and State Legislatures and from public offices that corruption which is to-day the canker and blight of the body politic. You know that the legislation has not been what it ought to be; you know it can only be made better by the stern resolve and determined action of the people. Unless they send some who are fireproof against corruption they will be corrupted. There are enormous stakes in legislation. There are parties and capitalists associated in corporations for building railroads and for other purposes, good in themselves, but for which they seek large aid from the Government and the State. It is your duty to see that they get nothing but naked justice. This can only be done by conversation, discussion, and deliberation among the people in their school districts. I beseech you, then, to look at this peril—the peril that when the election is over you will find that some of your voters were hired to stay at home or were too indolent to go and vote. Begin now and make yourselves certain that every voter favorable to the cause will come to the polls, how he will come, with whom he will come, and that he will be there to see that no fraud is committed.

Geo. Walker of Virginia accompanied the train at the request of the party. Capt. Brockway went with them as far as Scranton.

THE *Montour American* in speaking of Mr. Buckalew thus pleasantly alludes to him as "this model of an honest man, whose cold blood will not tinge his marble visage though the deep damnation of his deeds might make the Devils hide themselves."

My! but that is pretty writing. Reading Dime Novels is what does it.

THE following method of ripening pears is given by an extensive fruit culturist. The requisites are a cool room and woollen blankets. The pears are to be spread upon one blanket and covered with the second. Treated in this way they ripen rapidly and without mealiness, the Bartletts coming out a fine golden color and Sickels rich and ruddy-looking. At least half the fruit is spoiled by the ordinary in-door method of ripening, and housekeepers will hail with delight a new and effective means of attaining the desired end without loss or vexation of spirit.

LOCK HAVEN, if the columns of the papers published there are to be believed, must be the worst place in this section of the State. Every number of the papers contain accounts of from five to fifteen fights and rows. Why is this thus? Are there no policemen or is there no energy in them? The town will suffer if one of two things is not done, either stop the fights or the publication of them. The well regulated mind avoids such dangerous places.

Gen. Albright's Libel on Senator Buckalew.

Prof. Amerman, a teacher in the State Normal School, of this village, who heard Gen. Charles Albright's speech, has handed us a statement of facts from which we extract the following:

"Saying nothing of the insult offered to Democratic soldiers, whom he ignored as having any part in the war, there is one thing which I must notice as being maliciously false. From unquestionable sources, I happen to know all about the Fishing Creek Rebellion in which the gallant General claims to have distinguished himself. Senator Buckalew is charged with aiding and abetting rebels in Columbia County. Now there were no rebels there; there was no armed force, and the General knows it. The people resisted no law. In Columbia County, as in every county in the State, a few had left their homes and gone, no one knew where.

For political effect, an army invaded this peaceful valley, and foraged for long months on the hard earned products of this people; heaping untold indignities upon them, if by any means they might be driven to some acts of violence, which might give pretext for the use of fire and sword. Peacefully they submitted when the gallant General, tired of waiting, one morning robbed forty houses of their heads. Gray haired men, tottering upon canes, as well as those upon whom wives and children depended for daily bread, were thus snatched away, and hurried to Fort Mifflin, there shut up in damp, dark cells; some never again saw the light, but died in wretchedness, not knowing for what they were imprisoned, or who their accusers were. Now—because Senator Buckalew, with the heart of a man, dared to say a word in behalf of his neighbors to this heroic General, he is denounced as a rebel. Were these men tried? *Never!* After months of imprisonment, *when elections were over*, they were released."

Prof. Amerman formerly lived in the immediate vicinity where these events occured.—*Valley Enterprise.*

WE have received the first number of *The Plymouth Index* published at Plymouth, by A. L. Levi and E. J. Adams. It is a small sheet, and hoists the Republican ticket, Hartranft and all.

REOPENING OF A CHURCH.—The Saint Paul's United Brethren Church, situated 4 miles south of Catawissa, near the old Esther Furnace, has been remodeled, and will be reopened for divine Service on Sunday, October 13th, 1872. Bishop Weaver of Baltimore, D. D. will officiate, assisted by the Rev. Isaiah Baltzell of Mountville, Pa., Rev. G. W. M. Rigor, P. E. of the Harrisburg District, E. Pa., Conference and Rev. J. R. Reitzell of Shamokin. The Services will commence on Saturday evening. All are cordially invited. Also

SUNDAY SCHOOL INSTITUTE.

The Shamokin District S. S. Institute will convene in the St. Paul's Church, Monday evening, October 14th, 1872, and will continue over Tuesday and Tuesday evening. The above named ministers and a large number of delegates from Shamokin, the Shamokin Valley, Mt. Carmel, Bear Gap, Centralia and the surrounding community are expected to be present. The singing will be under the leadership of Prof. Baltzell, author of "Sailing O'er the Sea," "Stand the Storm," "Missionary Farewell," and many other of our standard S. S. songs. A general invitation is extended.

S. R. GIPPLE, Pastor.
Numedia, Pa. Sept. 21, 1872.

The Gem of the Toilet

The world says is Sozodont. It renders the teeth pearly white, gives to the breath a fragrant odor, extinguishing the ill-humors which usually flow from a bad and neglected set of teeth. Sozodont is so convenient, and produces a sensation at once so delightful that it makes it a pleasure to use it.

Spalding's Glue will mend your ways.

William Morris would inform his friends and the public generally that he has opened a new Tailor Shop on Main Street, two doors below the Court House, over the office of Robert F. Clark, Esq., where he is prepared to supply the best quality of gentlemen's wear of the latest styles. Gentlemen's own material made up at the lowest rates.

WANTED.—Two smart girls to learn the Tailoring business. Wages will be paid them during their apprenticeship. Apply to William Morris, Main Street, over Robert F. Clark's office.

I. W. Hartman's stock of goods is all the talk throughout the town and county in quantity, quality and style, it cannot be surpassed.

M. P. Lutz received another large lot of Ottoman Shawls, Black Alpacas and colored dress goods this week.

The people will come from all parts of the county next week to I. W. Hartman's store for his nice goods.

Remember that American black silk is twenty per cent. cheaper than imported and M. P. Lutz, guarantees every yard he sells not to crack or change color.

Something new, ladies and gentlemen should not fail to visit the Free Panorama at the one dollar store, where the purchaser of any article will receive a present, gratis. Open in Freeze's building, opposite the Post Office for a short time.

You can buy goods for cash of I. W. Hartman, cheaper than any other house in the county, make a note of that for all time to come.

Old Established Coal Yard.

C. W. NEAL & BRO. Wholesale & Retail Dealers in all sizes of the best qualities of Red and White Ash Coal, at the very lowest market rates. Limeburners supplied at liberal rates with best quality No. 6, coal. For smith fires, in addition to a prime article of lump, we have a first class quality of Bituminous coal, at $6.25 per ton on wharf.

Large stocks of all sizes constantly on hand. Strict personal attention given to the preparation of all our coal. Grain, Lumber and Slabs taken in exchange for coal. Coal delivered to any part of the town. Orders left at McKelvy Neal & Co's. store or at our office, will receive prompt attention. OFFICE & YARDS AT MCKELVY & NEAL'S FURNACE, EAST BLOOMSBURG. Your patronage respectfully solicited.

FOUNDED ON A ROCK!—The disappointed adventurers who have from time to time attempted to run their worthless points against Drake's Plantation Bitters, vow that they cannot understand what foundation there is for its amazing popularity. The explanation is simple enough. The reputation of the world-renowned tonic is founded upon a rock, the rock of Experience.—All its ingredients are pure and wholesome.—How, then, could tricksters and cheats expect to rival it with compounds of cheap drugs and refuse liquor, or with a spurious fresh in a state of acetous fermentation? Of course the charlatans have come to grief. Their little game has failed. Their contempt for the sagacity of the community has been fitly punished. Meanwhile Plantation Bitters seem to be in a fair way of eventually superseding every other medical preparation included in the class to which it belongs.—In every State and Territory in the Union it is, to-day, the accepted specific for nervous debility, dyspepsia, fever and ague, rheumatism, and all ailments involving a deficiency of vital power.

FOR PRESIDENT,
HORACE GREELEY,
OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
B. GRATZ BROWN,
OF MISSOURI.

ELECTORS,
SENATORIAL.
EDGAR COWAN, of Westmoreland.
GEORGE W. SKINNER, of Franklin.
REPRESENTATIVE.
SELDEN MARVIN, of Erie.
JOHN S. MILLER, of Huntingdon.
S. GROSS FRY, of Philadelphia.
DISTRICTS.

1. Thomas J. Barger.
2. Steph. D. Anderson.
3. John Moffit.
4. George R. Berrell.
5. [Not agreed upon.]
6. Isaiah B. Houpt.
7. Samuel D. Dyer.
8. Jesse G. Hawley.
9. H. B. Swarr.
10. H. Reilly.
11. John Kunkle.
12. F. W. Gunster.
13. D. Lowenberg.
14. J. McKnight.
15. Henry Welsh.
16. Henry J. Stable.
17. H. W. Christie.
18. William F. Logan.
19. Rasselas Brown.
20. P. M. Robinson.
21. J. R. Molton.
22. T. H. Stevenson.
23. John R. Bard.
24. George W. Miller.

STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR
CHARLES R. BUCKALEW,
OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL:
WILLIAM HARTLEY,
OF BEDFORD COUNTY.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:
JAMES THOMPSON,
OF ERIE COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE:
RICHARD VAUX,
OF PHILADELPHIA.
JAMES H. HOPKINS,
OF ALLEGHENY.
HENDRICK B. WRIGHT,
OF LUZERNE COUNTY.

For Members of the Constitutional Convention.

GEO. W. WOODWARD, Philadelphia.
JEREMIAH S. BLACK, York.
ANDREW G. CURTIN, Centre.
W. J. BAER, Somerset.
W. H. SMITH, Allegheny.
FRANKLIN B. GOWEN, Philadelphia.
JOHN H. CAMPBELL, Philadelphia.
S. H. REYNOLDS, Lancaster.
JAMES ELLIS, Schuylkill.
C. T. DODD, Venango.
GEO. M. DALLAS, Philadelphia.
ROBERT A. LAMBERTON, Dauphin.
A. A. PURMAN, Greene.
WM. L. CORBETT, Clarion.

COUNTY TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT JUDGE,
WILLIAM ELWELL.

FOR CONGRESS,
BENNEVILLE K. RHODES.

FOR SENATOR,
THOMAS CHALFANT.

FOR CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.
JOHN G. FREEZE, of Columbia.
JOHN J. METZGER, of Lycoming.

FOR ASSEMBLY,
CHARLES B. BROCKWAY.

FOR PROTHONOTARY,
B. FRANK ZARR.

FOR REGISTER & RECORDER,
WILLIAMSON H. JACOBY.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM LAWTON.

FOR AUDITOR,
U. J. CAMPBELL.

MEMBERS OF THE STANDING COMMITTEE:

Beaver—Moses Schlicher.
Benton—I. K. Krickbaum.
Berwick—Levi Bredbender.
Bloom, East Dist.—David Lowenberg.
Bloom, West Dist.—William McKinney.
Briarcreek—J. C. Smith.
Catawissa—Geo. Scott.
Centre—H. D. Knorr.
Centralia—C. G. Murphy.
Conyngham North—
Conyngham South—Michael Brennan.
Fishingcreek—E. J. McHenry.
Franklin—William Stokes.
Greenwood—Wesley Morris.
Hemlock—Seth Shoemaker.
Jackson—Silas W. McHenry.
Locust—
Madison—John Allen.
Main—W. T. Shuman.
Mifflin—Samuel Snyder.
Montour—John G. Quick.
Mt. Pleasant—George W. Jacoby.
Orange—D. K. Sloan.
Pine—P. W. Sones.
Roaringcreek—J. B. Klinger.
Scott—O. P. Ent.
Sugarloaf—J. H. Fritz.

Vigilance Committee.

Beaver—Geo. Dodsman, Chas. Michael, H. Hinterliter.
Benton—J. J. McHenry, R. J. Case, Jos. Conner.
Berwick—Isaiah Bower, C. B. Jackson.
Bloom, East—M. Millard, Jno. R. Casey, Saml. Jacoby.
Bloom, West—M. Everly, James Sterner.
Briarcreek—Chas. Reed, Geo. Miller, Geo. M. Bower.
Catawissa—M. B. V. Kline, Wm. Snyder.
Centre—Wm. [illegible], Ed. Hartman, Saml. Bower.
Centralia—
Conyngham, North—
Conyngham South—
Fishingcreek—I. M. Creveling, Cyrus Robbins, Silas McHenry, Chas. Ash.
Franklin—Moses McHenry, Washington Parr.
Greenwood—Frank Derr, G. W. Utt, Jackson Lemly.
Hemlock—T. J. Vanderslice, R. B. Wagner, Wm. Winterstein.
Jackson—Henry Wagner, Daniel Young.
Locust—Elias Creasy, Daniel Stine, Jno. Snyder, Geo. Getty.
Madison—Richard Demott, Dr. T. J. Swisher, J. M. Gotten.
Maine—Jeremiah Longenberger, Jno. Nuss.
Mifflin—Joseph G. Swank, Abraham Schweppenheiser, Harvey Hess.
Montour—N. Mouser, P. A. Evans.
Mt. Pleasant—Wm. Miller, Jno. Mordan, Sr.
Orange—H. B. Kline, U. H. Ent.
Pine—L. A. German, Wm. Karshner.
Roaringcreek—Jno. Moury, Amzi Craig.
Scott—J. S. Bachman, R. J. Millard.
Sugarloaf—Alonzo Albertson, Clinton Cole.

MARRIAGES.

FULLMER—MILLER.—At the M. E. parsonage, Benton, Pa., on Thursday, August 22d, 1872, by the Rev. A. Crosthwaite, Mr. Asher K. Fullmer of Pine township, Columbia co., Pa., and Miss Sarah E. Miller, of Greenwood township, Columbia county, Pa.

PARKER—MILLER.—At Williamsport, on the 20th inst., by Rev. W. Sterling, Mr. Henry Parker and Miss Eliza A. Miller, both of Greenwood, Columbia county, Pa.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

VALUABLE HINTS.—A regular habit of body is absolutely essential to physical health and clearness of intellect. Nor is this all. Beauty of person cannot co-exist with an unnatural condition of the bowels. A free passage of the refuse matter of the system through these natural waste pipes, is as necessary to the purity of the body as the free passage of the offal of a city through its sewers is necessary to the health of its inhabitants.

Indigestion is the primary cause of most of the diseases of the discharging organs, and one of its most common results is constipation. This complaint, besides being dangerous in itself, has many disagreeable concomitants—such as an unpleasant breath, a sallow skin, contaminating blood and bile, hemorrhoids, headache, loss of memory, and general debility.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters remove all these evils by removing their immediate cause in the digestive organs, and regulating the action of the intestines. The combination of properties in this celebrated preparation is one of its chief merits. It is not merely a stimulant or a tonic, or an antibilious agent, or a nervine, or a blood depurent, or a cathartic, but all these curative elements judiciously blended in one powerful restorative. It lends activity and vigor to the inert and enervated stomach, relieves the alimentary canal of its obstructions, and gives tone to the membrane which lines it, greatly stimulates the liver, braces the nerves, and cheers the animal spirits. No other remedy possesses such a variety of hygienic virtues. It is to these characteristic virtues that it owes its prestige as a household medicine. Experience has proved that it is as harmless as it is efficacious, and hence it is as popular with the weaker sex as with the stronger.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are sold in bottles only, and the trade-mark below in the glass and engraved on the label is the test of genuineness. Beware of counterfeits. sept 13-1w

THE greatest want of the present age is men and women, healthy and vigorous in mind and body. The continued headaches, weaknesses, nervousness, & varying ailments which afflict women are generally the result of imperfect action of the stomach and other vital organs. Dr. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters, being composed entirely of vegetable substances indigenous to California, may be taken with perfect safety by the most delicate, and are a sure remedy, correcting all wrong action and giving new vigor to the whole system. sept. 20'1w

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

Every nervous Young Man in the Union, will receive, free, a Recipe that will prove a blessing through life, by addressing, in confidence,
JOHN B. OGDEN,
Box 5152 P. O. 42 Cedar St., N. Y.
feb. 9, 1y.

Shawls, dress goods, flannels, waterproofs, muslins, under garments for ladies and gents, calico by the yard and pound, delains by the yard and pound, &c., will be on special sale next week at the cheap ready pay store of I. W. Hartman.

Important Testimony!

The following letters are among the many we are constantly receiving from persons who have been cured by

Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup,
Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic,
AND
Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Pennsgrove, Salem County, New Jersey.
FEBRUARY 27, 1872.

Dr. J. H. SCHENCK, N. E. corner Sixth and Arch streets, Philadelphia.

Respected Sir—I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of the many others who have been cured by the efficacy of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Sea Weed Tonic, and Mandrake Pills.

Consumption has been hereditary with my family, most of its members having died of it at early ages. My mother and three brothers died at the age of 31, one brother at 27, and my sister at 18.

I was, when about 31 years, seized with liver complaint, which rapidly developed into Pulmonary Consumption. I was compelled to relinquish my employment (that of a blacksmith.)

I consulted skillful and eminent physicians, and tried many patent nostrums, but without success, so that my friends were sure that there was no hope of my recovery, for I was reduced from 162 pounds to 104, and was not able to do anything without assistance.

By what I now look upon as a Providential interposition, I was induced to try your remedies, and place myself under your treatment, and so rapid and thorough was my recovery, that it seemed as though some superhuman power was at work, and to-day I am as well as at any time during my life. I weigh 152 pounds, am 38 years old, and for some time have been regularly attending to my business, bidding fair to live to a good old age.

I am thankful to you beyond expression for having placed me in a position wherein I am a benefit instead of a burden to my family.

Your Mandrake Pills are the only medicine I ever use now. I think they are the best in the world.

I can refer you to hundreds of my neighbors who will verify all I have written, and any information any of my fellow citizens may desire will be freely and gladly given, upon receipt of stamp, by Yours, etc.

JOHN C. HEWITT.

Key West, Fla., Feb. 19, 1872.

Dr. J. H. SCHENCK, N. E. cor. Sixth and Arch streets, Philadelphia.

Dear Sir—Please forward, per first steamer, six bottles Sea Weed Tonic and twelve bottles Pulmonic Syrup.

Your medicines are of such value that I cannot do without them in my household, and in fact no family should be without them.

I have given them a fair test, and openly declare them to be even better than you claim.

Very respectfully yours, &c.
W. A. WHITEHURST.

PHILADELPHIA, March 4, 1872.

Dr. J. H. SCHENCK,

Respected Sir—I take pleasure in awarding to you this certificate of the wonderful cure your Pulmonic Syrup and Sea Weed Tonic produced. My throat and bronchial tubes were so highly inflamed that it was almost impossible for me to swallow my food.

I am on a visit to my uncle, Mr. Charles Johnson, No. 912 Federal street, who says your medicines raised him from almost death after all other means had failed, and he having, therefore, full confidence in the virtue of your remedies, strongly recommended me to try them. I did so, and in one week from the time I commenced taking them my throat underwent a very great change for the better, so that I could eat my meals without any difficulty or pain. I can scarcely find words to express my gratitude for the early relief your invaluable medicines produced upon me, and I deem it but an act of gratitude to give you the acknowledgement of my appreciation.

Yours respectfully,
RACHEL M. JACOBS,
No. 405 West Thirty-third street, New York.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP,
SEA WEED TONIC,
and MANDRAKE PILLS.

These are the only medicines that will cure Pulmonary Consumption. Dr. Schenck has been in constant practice over thirty years continually examining lungs, and knows his medicines, if properly taken, will cure Consumption. His Mandrake Pills cleanse the liver and stomach; his Sea Weed Tonic dissolves the food, stimulates the coating of the stomach, and makes it digest. His Pulmonic Syrup ripens the matter, and nature throws it off without any exertion.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Sea Weed Tonic, $1,25 per bottle, or $7 00 per half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents per box.

PREPARED ONLY AND FOR SALE BY
J. H. SCHENCK & SON,
N. E. Corner SIXTH and ARCH Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
And by Druggists and Dealers generally.
JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & COWDEN,
602 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA,
Wholesale Agents.
mar 12, 1872-1y

$10 made from 50c. Call and examine or 12 samples sent (postage free) for 50c. that retail quick for $10. R. L. WOLCOTT. 181 Chatham Square, N. Y. sept20 4w

FREE TO AGENTS. A prospectus of the Peoples Standard Bible, of 550 illustrations, will be sent free to all book agents. Send name and address to ZIEGLER & McCURDY, 581 Arch St. Phila. Pa. sept20 4w

"PSYCHOMANCY or SOUL CHARMING." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess, free, by mail, for 25c, together with a marriage guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, &c. A queer, exciting book. 100,000 sold. Address T. WILLIAM & CO. Pubs. Phila. sept20 4w

WARREN RANGE

First Premium Am. Inst. 1871

Double Elevated Oven, Warming Closet, Broiling Door, Fender Guard, Dumping & Shaking Grate, Direct Draft. FULLER, WARREN & Co., 236 Water Street, N. Y. sept20 4w

DUTY OFF TEAS!
EXTRA INDUCEMENTS FOR CLUBS!
Send for New Club Circular!
Which contains full explanations of Premiums
The Way to Obtain our Goods!

Persons living at a distance from New York, can club together, and get them at the same price as we sell them at our Warehouses in New York. In order to get up a club, let each person wishing to join say how much Tea he wants, and select the kind and price from our Price List, as published in our circulars. Write the names, kinds and amounts plainly on a list, and when the club is complete send it to us by mail, and we will put each party's goods in separate packages, and mark the name upon them, with the cost, so there need be no confusion in distribution—each party getting exactly what he orders, and no more. The funds to pay for goods ordered can be sent by drafts on New York Post-office money orders, or by express. Or, we will, if desired, send the goods by express, to "*collect on delivery.*"

The Great American Tea Company
31 & 33 VESEY STREET, New York City.
P. O. Box 5643. sept20 4w

THOMPSON'S
WORLD-RENOWNED PATENT
GLOVE FITTING CORSET.

No Corset has ever enjoyed such a world-wide popularity.

The demand for them is constantly increasing, because

THEY GIVE
Universal Satisfaction
Are Handsome, Durable, Economical, and
A PERFECT FIT.

Ask for THOMPSON'S GENUINE GLOVE-FITTING, every Corset being stamped with the name THOMPSON, and the trade-mark a Crown. Sold by all First-Class Dealers. sept20 4w

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE TIMBER LAND.

Jacob S. Evans, Executor of the last will and testament of Abram Young of Benton township, Columbia county, deceased, will expose to public sale the following tracts of valuable timber land.

First, a tract of timber land situated in Pine township, Columbia county, containing about 70 acres well timbered with white pine, chestnut and hemlock, bounded by lands of Elias Mendenhall, John Lockart, Robt. Russel and others, to be sold on the premises

MONDAY, OCTOBER 28th, 1872,

at 12 o'clock, noon.

Second, a certain tract of timber land situated in Jackson Township, Columbia county, Pa., containing forty acres and forty-three and eight tenth perches, well timbered with white pine, white oak and hemlock, bounded by lands of Peter Laubach, Samuel Kitchen, Wilson Kitchen and Jesse Rhone to be sold on the premises

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 29th, 1872.

at 10 o'clock, a. m.

Third, a certain tract of land situated in Fishingcreek township, Columbia county, Pa., adjoining lands of Philip Appleman, J. A. Dewitt, Henry Eyer, dec'd, and other, containing a hundred and thirteen acres and ninety-four perches with allowance well timbered with white oak, poplar, chestnut and pine, to be sold on the premises

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 30th, 1872,

at 10 o'clock, P. M.

Ten per cent. of the purchase money payable at the striking down of the property, one-half less the ten per cent. in 6 months thereafter, and the remaining one-half in 1 year from day of sale.

JACOB S. EVANS,
Executor.

ALSO,

upon the 28th of October, 1872, at 2 o'clock, P. M. upon the last described premises, Jacob S. Evans will offer for sale, a certain other tract of timberland, situated in Orange township, Columbia county, Pa., bounded by lands of M. B. Patterson, Samuel McHenry, Elisha Evans and Harriet Moyer, containing about 55 acres heavily timbered white pine, white oak, and pitch-pine.

Terms made known on day of sale.
JACOB S. EVANS.

CONTINENTAL.

Life Insurance Company.

OF NEW YORK.

No. of Policies Issued 43,000.

ASSETS $5,500,000.

ISSUES all the new form of Policies and presents as favorable terms as any company in the United States.

The company will make temporary loans on its policies.

Thirty days' grace allowed on each payment, and the policy held good during that time.

All our policies are incontestable for the usual causes.

Policies issued by this company are non-forfeiture.

No extra charges made for travelling permits.

Policy holders share in the annual profits of the company, and have a voice in the elections and management of the company.

No policy or medical fee charged.

JUSTUS LAWRENCE, Pres't.
W. B. WYNKOOP, Vice Pres't.
J. P. ROGERS, Secretary,
S. C. CHANDLER, Jr., Actuary.

Central Office of North-Eastern Penn'a.

"COLUMBIAN" Building

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

CHARLES B. BROCKWAY,

General Agent.

jan. 5,1872-tf.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JOHN UREN, DEC'D.

Letters testamentary on the estate of John Uren, late of Catawissa township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to C. T. Margerum and James Reeder of Catawissa township. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them to the Executors in Columbia county. Those indebted to the estate either on note, judgment, mortgage or book account will make payment to the Executors without delay.

C. T. MARGERUM,
JAMES REEDER,
Executors.
sept 6,'72-6w.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

ESTATE OF STEPHEN BALDY DEC'D.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Stephen Baldy late of Catawissa township, Columbia county deceased, have been granted by the Register of Columbia county, to Peter R. Baldy, Douglas Hughes, and William J. Martin Executors to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands against said estate, will make them known to the Executors without delay.

PETER R. BALDY,
DOUGLAS HUGHES,
WILLIAM J. MARTIN,
Executors.
Aug23'72-4w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ELIZABETH KISTLER, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Elizabeth Kistler late of Mt. Pleasant twp., Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Joseph Gilbert of the same twp. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned, administrator, without delay.

JOSEPH GILBERT,
Administrator.
Aug 23-72-6w.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

ESTATE OF HENRY LEHR, DEC'D.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Henry Lehr, late of Beaver twp., Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county, to Joseph Lehr and Andrew Shuman. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them to the Executors in Columbia county. Those indebted to the estate, either on note, judgment, mortgage or book account will make payment to the Executors without delay.

JOSEPH LEHR,
ANDREW SHUMAN,
Executors.
Aug. 30, 1872—6w.*

DISSOLUTION OF CO PARTNERSHIP.

The co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of Snyder, Hartman & Co. is dissolved by the death of Benjamin F. Souder. The books of the late firm are in the hands of Daniel Snyder to whom all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to the firm are requested to make immediate payment.

The business will be continued at the old place under the name of D. Snyder & Co.

D. SNYDER, & CO.
Espy May 17th 1872-tf

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF CLOTWORTHY S. FISHER, DEC'D.

The undersigned, auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to distribute the funds in the hands of Sylvester J. Faux, administrator of Clotworthy S. Fisher, deceased, among the parties entitled to receive the same, will attend to the duties of his appointment at the Sheriff's office, in the Court House, at Bloomsburg, on Monday, October 14, A. D. 1872, at 10 o'clock, A. M., when and where all persons having claims on said fund will present the same, or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

W. W. [illegible],
Auditor.
sept 20 '72 4w.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that a Petition for the pardon of Gideon Beishline, sometime since convicted of horse stealing, in Columbia county, will be presented to the Governor for his signature, at the end of two weeks from the date of this notice.

MRS. KATE BEISHLINE.
sept13'72-4w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ELIZABETH MILLER, DEC'D.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Elizabeth Miller, late of Beaver township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to John Hinderliter, same township. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator, without delay.

JOHN HINDERLITER.
Administrator.
sep 27-1w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF CHRISTIAN MILLER DEC'D.

Notice is hereby given that letters of Administration have been granted by the Register of Wills of Columbia county to the undersigned upon the estate of Christian Miller, late of Beaver township, in said county, now deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are required to make payment and all persons who have claims against said estate to make them known to the undersigned.

JOHN HINDERLITER,
Administrator.
sep 27 6w

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF SAMUEL MCNEAL DEC'D.

The undersigned appointed Auditor to distribute the funds in the hands of the Administrators of the estate of Samuel McNeal deceased will meet the parties interested at his office in the town of Bloomsburg on Monday, Oct. 28th, 1872, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons interested are requested to present them to the Auditor or be forever debarred from coming in for said fund.

E. R. IKELER,
Auditor.
sep 27-4w

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JEREMIAH GETKIN DEC'D.

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, to distribute the money in Court arising from the sale of the real estate of Jeremiah Getkin, among the parties entitled to receive the same, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Bloomsburg, on Saturday, the 26th day of October, A. D., 1872, at 10 o'clock, A. M., when and where all parties or persons having claims on said money will present the same, or be forever debarred from coming in on said funds.

E. R. IKELER.
sept 27 6w.

NOTICE.

Subscribers to the Capital Stock of the North & West Branch Rail Road Co., are hereby notified that a second installment of 10 per cent. in same, must be paid to the Treasurer, on or before the 15th day of October next.

By order of the Directors,
WM. NEAL,
Treasurer.
sep 27 4w

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF WM. BUTLER, DEC'D.

Letters testamentary on the estate of William Butler, late of Montour township, Columbia county, dec'd., have been granted by the Register of said county to James Kealy, Executor, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands against said estate, will make them known to the Executor without delay.

JAMES KEALY, Executor.
Centralia, Pa.
ROBERT F. CLARK, Attorney,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
sept 6,'72-6w.

FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale a lot of ground in Benton township, adjoining lands of estate of Jacob Ash, William Appleman and others, containing

22½ ACRES,

more or less, on which is erected a good frame house and smith shop. There is a fine young orchard, apple, peach and cherry—and a never-failing spring on the premises. Apply to NATHAN A. Teems, adjoining the property.

CATHARINE KLINE.
sept 20, 4t

DEMOCRATIC TICKET

STATE

For Governor
Charles R. Buckalew
For Auditor General
William Hartley

JUDICIARY

For Supreme Court
James Thompson
For President Judge
William Elwell

COUNTY

For Congressmen at Large
Hendrick B. Wright
Richard Vaux
James H. Hopkins
For District Congressman
Benneville K. Rhodes
For State Senator
Thomas Chalfant
For Member of Assembly
Charles B. Brockway
For Prothonotary and Clerk of the several Courts.
B. Frank Zarr
For Register and Recorder
Williamson H. Jacoby
For County Commissioner
William Lawton
For County Auditor
U. J. Campbell

DELEGATES AT LARGE

For Delegates at Large to the Constitutional Convention

George W. Woodward,
Jeremiah S. Black,
Andrew G. Curtin,
William J. Baer,
William H. Smith,
Franklin B. Gowen,
John H. Campbell,
Samuel H. Reynolds,
James Ellis,
Samuel C. T. Dodd.
George M. Dallas,
Robert A. Lamberton,
Andrew A. Purman,
William M. Corbett,

DISTRICT DELEGATES

For district delegates to the Constitutional Convention.
John G. Freeze
John J. Metzger

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION

For Amendment.

STATE

For Governor
Charles R. Buckalew
For Auditor General
William Hartley

JUDICIARY

For Supreme Court
James Thompson
For President Judge
William Elwell

COUNTY

For Congressmen at Large
Hendrick B. Wright
Richard Vaux
James H. Hopkins
For District Congressman
Benneville K. Rhodes
For State Senator
Thomas Chalfant
For Member of Assembly
Charles B. Brockway
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Robert A. Lamberton
Andrew A. Purman
William M. Corbett

DISTRICT DELEGATES

For district delegates to the Constitutional Convention
John G. Freeze
John J. Metzger

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION.

For Amendment.

NEW

FALL

GOODS

AT

M. P. LUTZ'S

This

WEEK.

S. H. MILLER & SON,

Dealer in

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES

AND

General Merchandise,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

PUBLIC SALE

OF

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned Executor of the Estate of Frederick Shaffer, deceased, late of Centre township, Columbia county, will expose to sale at public vendue on the premises, on

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 12th, 1872,

at one o'clock in the afternoon, a large quantity of valuable land situate in Centre township, Columbia county bounded and described as follows: Adjoining lands of John Heiser and others on the north, lands of John Fester and others on the east, William Dennis and others on the south and Reuben Sitler, William Bower and others on the west, containing

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-FIVE ACRES,

more or less. The above land is in good condition and will be sold whole or in lots to suit purchasers. There are about One Hundred acres cleared and under good cultivation, on which are erected Two Frame

DWELLING HOUSES,

a splendid Bank Barn, Wagon House, Hog House and other improvements. A good Apple Orchard, a good spring. Some of the timber land will be sold in separate lots—good Chestnut and White Oak timber. Terms made known on day of sale.

SAMUEL NEYHARD,
Executor.
sept. 6,'72-ts.

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

M. C. SLOAN & BROTHER

Have on hand and for sale at the most reasonable rates a splendid stock of

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,

and every description of Wagons both

PLAIN AND FANCY

warranted to be made of the best and most durable materials, and by the most experienced workmen. All work sent out from the establishment will be found to be of the highest class and sure to give perfect satisfaction. They have also a fine assortment of

SLEIGHS

of all the newest and most fashionable styles well and carefully made and of the best materials.

An inspection of their work is asked as it is believed that none superior can be found in the country.
Jan 1'71

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF WILLIAM J. HANNAH DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of William J. Hannah, late of Mifflin twp., Columbia county dec'd., have been granted by the Register of said county, to J. H. Hetler, of Mifflin township, Columbia co. All persons having claims or demands against the decedent are requested to make them known, and those indebted to make payment.

J. H. HETLER,
Administrator.
sept13'72-6w.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ELIZABETH HAMPTON DEC'D.

Notice is hereby given that letters of Administration have been granted by the Register of Wills of Columbia county to the undersigned upon the estate of Elizabeth Hampton, late of Roaringcreek twp., in said county, now deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are required to make payment and all persons who have claims against said estate to make them known to the undersigned.

PETER LEVAN,
Administrator.
sept13'72-6w

Miscellaneous.

BOOTS & SHOES.

AT

E. M. KNORR'S

SPRING STYLES,

THE LATEST AND BEST.

Every variety for Men, Women and Children.

OLD STOCK

Selling at Cost to close out to make room for

NEW GOODS.

Bargains! Bargains!

CALL AND SEE,

A. J. EVANS.

READY MADE

AND

CUSTOM MADE

CLOTHING.

HE HAS THE

FINEST GOODS, LATEST STYLES

AND EMPLOYS THE

BEST WORKMEN.

For good fits and promptness in filling orders there is the place to go.

His goods are selected with care and his Custom Work will compare favorably with the best efforts of the fashionable city Dealer.

HE KEEPS A LARGE STOCK OF

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

AND

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

At Astoundingly Low Prices.
Bloomsburg, Sept. 29, 1871-tf

JOHN G. JACOBY'S

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY!

BERWICK, PENN A.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the Citizens of Berwick, and vicinity, that he has opened a Confectionery and Bakery in

ODD FELLOWS' HALL,

Berwick, Pa., where he is prepared to furnish all kinds of

PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES.
FRENCH CANDIES,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS
ORANGES, LEMONS, RAISINS
&c., &c., &c., &c.

BY WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Among the assortment will be found Cream Nuts, English Walnuts, Peanuts, Almonds, Filberts, Figs, Apples, Cocoa Nuts, Jellies of different kinds, Mustard, Catsup, Pickles, Chocolate, Canned Fruit of all kinds, Corn Starch, Egg Biscuit, Soda Crackers, Oyster Crackers, Cheese, Soap, Writing Paper, Agreement Papers, Envelopes,

FISH AND OYSTERS,

And produce of all kinds. Fresh Bread and Cakes every day. Ice Cream in season. Your patronage is solicited.

JOHN G. JACOBY.
Berwick, Jan 1'71—ly

CONNELL & BATTIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

BUILDERS' AND CARRIAGE

HARDWARE,

IRON, STEEL AND NAILS,

Rims, Hubs and Spokes, Springs,

AXLES, and PIPE BOXES,
HORSE SHOES, and
HORSE SHOE NAILS,
CEMENT, PLASTER and SAND,
GLASS, PAINTS, PUTTY,
OILS and TURPENTINE,

Manufacturers of

TIN WARE.

Agents for

Fairbank's Scales!

PLUMBING.

STEAM and
GAS FITTING.

☞ Orders by mail solicited, and promptly filled.

118 Penn Avenue,

SCRANTON, PA.

apr. 4, 1872-tf.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment of the Constitution of this Commonwealth be proposed to the people for their adoption or rejection, pursuant to the provisions of the tenth article thereof, to wit:

AMENDMENT:

Strike out the sixth section of the article of the Constitution, and insert in lieu thereof the following: "A State Treasurer shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, at such times and for such term of service as shall be prescribed by law."

WILLIAM ELLIOTT,
Speakers of the House of Representatives.
JAMES S. RUTAN,
Speaker of the Senate.

APPROVED—The twenty-second day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two,

JNO. W. GEARY.

Prepared and certified for publication pursuant to the Tenth Article of the Constitution.

FRANCIS JORDAN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

OFFICE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH,
HARRISBURG, June 28th, 1872,
July 5th, 1872, 3m.

Miscellaneous.

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.

Fresh arrival of

SPRING GOODS

DAVID LOWENBERG

invites attention to his stock of

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING.

at his store on

Main Street, in the new block,
Bloomsburg, Pa.,

where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of

MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

including the most fashionable, durable, and handsome

DRESS GOODS,

consisting of

BOX, SACK, ROCO, GUM, AND OIL-CLOTH
COATS AND PANTS.

of all sorts, sizes and colors. He has also replenished his already large stock of

CLOTH AND CASSIMERES,
STRIPED, FIGURED, AND PLAIN VESTS
SHIRTS, CRAVATS, STOCKS, COLLARS
HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS, AND FANCY ARTICLES

He has constantly on hand a large and well-selected assortment of

CLOTHS AND VESTINGS,

which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear, and most of it is of home manufacture.

GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

of every description, fine and cheap. His case of Jewelry is not surpassed in this place. Call and examine his general assortment of

CLOTHING, WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.

DAVID LOWENBERG.
oct1'71

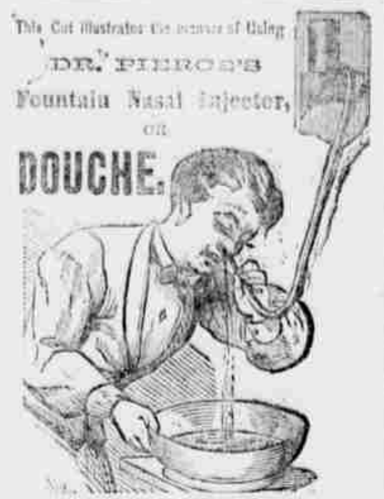
This Cut Illustrates the manner of Using

DR. PIERCE'S

Fountain Nasal Injector,

OR

DOUCHE.



This instrument is especially designed for the perfect application of

DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY.

It is the only form of instrument yet invented with which fluid medicine can be carried *high up* and *perfectly applied* to all parts of the affected nasal passages, and the chambers or cavities communicating therewith, in which sores and ulcers frequently exist, and from which the catarrhal discharge generally proceeds. The want of success in treating Catarrh heretofore has arisen largely from the impossibility of applying remedies to these cavities and chambers by any of the ordinary methods. This obstacle in the way of effecting cures is entirely overcome by the invention of the Douche. In using this instrument, the Fluid is carried by its own weight (no snuffing, forcing or pumping being required) up one nostril in a full gently flowing stream to the highest portion of the nasal passages, passes into and thoroughly cleanses all the tubes and chambers connected therewith, and flows out of the opposite nostril. Its use is pleasant and so simple that a child can understand it. **Full and explicit directions** accompany each instrument. When used with this instrument, Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures recent attacks of **"Cold in the Head"** by a few applications.

Symptoms of Catarrh. Frequent headache, discharge falling into throat, sometimes profuse, watery, thick mucus, purulent, offensive, &c. In others a dryness, dry, watery, weak or inflamed eyes, stopping up or obstruction of nasal passages, ringing in ears, deafness, hawking and coughing to clear throat, ulcerations, scabs from ulcers, voice altered, nasal twang, offensive breath, impaired or total deprivation of sense of smell and taste, dizziness, mental depression, loss of appetite, indigestion, enlarged tonsils, tickling cough, &c. Only a few of these symptoms are likely to be present in any case at one time.

Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, when used with **Dr. Pierce's Nasal Douche,** and accompanied with the constitutional treatment which is recommended in the pamphlet that wraps each bottle of the Remedy, is a perfect specific for this loathsome disease, and the proprietor offers, in good faith, **$500 reward** for a case he can not cure. The Remedy is mild and pleasant to use, containing no strong or caustic drugs or poisons. The Catarrh Remedy is sold at 50 cents, Douche at 60 cents, **by all Druggists,** or either will be mailed by proprietor on receipt of 60 cents.

R. V. PIERCE, M. D.,
Sole Proprietor,
[illegible], N. Y.
nl5 72 ly.

[illegible] READY RELIEF

[illegible] THE WORST PAINS
[illegible] to Twenty Minutes.
NOT ONE HOUR
[illegible]
SUFFER WITH PAIN.
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN.
It was the first and is

The Only Pain Remedy

[illegible]

IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES.

[illegible]

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

WILL AFFORD INSTANT EASE.

INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS.
INFLAMMATION OF THE BLADDER.
INFLAMMATION OF THE BOWELS.
CONGESTION OF THE LUNGS.
SORE THROAT, DIFFICULT BREATHING.
PALPITATION OF THE HEART.
HYSTERICS, CROUP, DIPHTHERIA.
CATARRH, INFLUENZA.
HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE.
NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM.
COLD CHILLS, AGUE CHILLS.

[illegible] Ready Relief [illegible]

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure CRAMPS, SPASMS, SOUR STOMACH, HEARTBURN, SICK HEADACHE, DIARRHEA, DYSENTERY, COLIC, WIND IN THE BOWELS, and all INTERNAL PAINS.

[illegible] Radway's Ready Relief [illegible]

FEVER AND AGUE.

[illegible] RADWAY'S PILLS [illegible]

HEALTH! BEAUTY!!

[illegible] TO ALL.

DR. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT

[illegible]

Every day an Increase in Flesh and Weight is Seen and Felt.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

[illegible]

[illegible] Bladder Complaints,

[illegible]

WORMS.—[illegible]

[illegible] of 12 Years' Growth [illegible] by Radway's Resolvent.

[illegible]

HANNAH P. KNAPP.

DR. RADWAY'S PERFECT PURGATIVE PILLS,

[illegible]

[illegible] RADWAY'S PILLS [illegible]

[illegible]

nl5'72-ly

R E M O V A L ! !

I. W. NILES',

MUSIC WAREROOMS

have been removed to the

NEW BRICK BUILDING

OPPOSITE the EPISCOPAL CHURCH, MAIN St.

Where he will keep a general assortment of

THE LATEST SHEET MUSIC,

PIANOS, ORGANS, VIOLINS,

and all KINDS OF MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Also MUSIC BOOKS for all INSTRUMENTS.

PIANO AND ORGAN STOOLS ALL STYLES AND PRICES.

THE SHOEMAKER PIANO

is the cheapest First Class Piano in the market.

Having secured the Agency of the

GEO. WOODS' RENOWNED ORGANS, for Columbia County, together with the

CELEBRATED TEMPLE ANGELIC

furnishes advantages to purchasers not found elsewhere.

STATIONARY OF ALL KINDS.

A full assortment of

SQUARE AND OVAL FRAMES,

(all styles and prices constantly on hand.

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ANNOUNCEMENT!

THE BLOOMSBURG LITERARY INSTITUTE
AND
STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

will open under the entire control of the

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

They have selected as Principal of the Institution

REV. JOHN HEWITT,

a gentleman whose qualifications have been fully tested and proved in other educational enterprises of a like nature; and they ask and have a right to demand for him and the Institution, the confidence and support of our own citizens, and of the friends of the enterprise and of education everywhere. In point of comfort, convenience and beauty of buildings and surroundings, no school in the State surpasses this; and we are determined it shall not be second in the kind, quality and thoroughness of its discipline and culture.

The fall and winter session of twelve weeks will begin

MONDAY, AUGUST 26TH,

and close

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 20TH.

EXPENSES:

Tuition and Boarding, including washing and heat, per week, $5.00.

ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT.

Tuition for day pupils, one dollar per week. In the model school, sixty cents per week. In the primary, forty cents per week. Music, Drawing, Painting, &c., extra.

Bills are payable, and must be paid promptly, one-half at the beginning and the other half at the middle of the session.

J. G. FREEZE, Secretary.
L. RUPERT, President.

AGENTS Wanted for [illegible]

Twelve Years among the Wild Indians of the Plains.

The remarkable adventures of the famous WHITE CHIEF and BIG WARRIOR among the Red Skins. Thrilling accounts of Great Hunts, Hairbreadth Escapes and Terrible Contests with the big game and hostile tribes. Spirited descriptions of the habits and superstitions of that strange people. Their Sports, Legends, Traditions. How they Woo and Wed, Scalp, Doctor, Worship, &c. New, Fresh and Popular, Price Low. It is selling by the thousands with wonderful rapidity. Agents are making from $50 to $100 per week. Choice field yet vacant. Send at once for sample chapters, Illustrations and particulars to

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jan27'71-tf.

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ELGIN
WATCH
ESC.

The Race of Time Keepers.

M. B. ALLEBACH

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WATCHES and JEWELRY

DANVILLE Pa.

SILVER AND PLATED WARE, FRENCH CLOCKS, SWISS AND AMERICAN STEM WATCHES.

THE RENOWNED ELGIN WATCHES.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF FINE JEWELRY, DIAMONDS &c.

Repairing promptly attended to

Moyers' Column.

PUBLIC ATTENTION

IS CALLED BY

MOYER BROS,

M

To the fact that they are still pushing the Drug business with all the energy so characteristic of themselves in former times, at their old business stands in

BROWER'S BLOCK,

and at the Corner of Main and Market Streets.

O

Their stock is larger and more varied than can be found in any other establishment short of Philadelphia or New York. All of which is offered in large or small quantities at figures as low if not lower, than same goods can be purchased elsewhere. Call and examine for yourself. The wholesale department under the immediate supervision and control of the firm, comprises

Y

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY, &C., &C.

They keep constantly on hand from five to six different brands of White Lead, among which is

John T. Lewis & Bros., Buck Lead, White Oak, Diamond, Arctic, &c., Varnishes, Coach, Furniture, Damar, Shellac and Japan Dryer.

In colors you will find Umbers both dry and in oil, Siennas, Browns, Metallic and Vandyke, Reds Venetian, Red Lead, American and Chinese Vermillions, Blues, Yellows and Greens.

E

among which are the celebrated Versailles and shamrock, very handsome and permanent, and especially adapted to the painting of blinds, &c. Linseed Oil, Turpentine, &c. All sizes window glass, large sizes of superior quality for pictures, a speciality. Castor oil by the gallon or dozen, Laudanum, Paregoric, Bateman's drops, golden Tincture, Balsam De Maltha, Godfrey's Cordial, Essences Lemon, Peppermint, Wintergreen and Cinnamon. All the popular patent medicines of the day, among which we enumerate.

Ayres, Jaynes, Vinegar Bitters, Hostetter's, Drake's, and Hoofland's German Bitters. Pills, Wright's Jayne's, Schenck's, and all others known to the Community.

R

A large and varied assortment of Knight's world renowned cooking extracts.

Lemon, Vanilla, Rose, Raspberry, Strawberry, Pine Apple, Celery, Banana, &c., are offered below manufacturers prices, to country merchants. Spices, Cinnamon, Cloves, Pepper, Mace, Mustard, &c., at bottom prices. ALSO, Roll and Flour Sulphur, Epsom Salts, Salt Petre, Calabra Licorice, Gum Camphor, Borax, Assafoetida, Cattle and Horse Powders, Blue Vitriol, Extract Logwood, Castile and Laundry Soaps, Lamp Chimneys, and Lamp goods generally. Lump Chalk, Silver sand, Calcined Plaster, Rosendal Cement by the barrel or bushel.

B

The celebrated Millville Fruit Jar, acknowledged to be by far the best in the Markets, all glass, of superior material and workmanship. Consumers having once used these, will have no other.

Country Physicians will find our stock full and complete, comprising all the old staples of the Materia Medica, as well as all the latter discoveries of medical science, Quinine, Morphia and Opium always in abundance. Hance Bros, and White's pharmaceutical preparations, Fluid and Solid extracts Elixirs and Pills of the Pharmacopoea sugar-coated. Powers and Weightman's Chemicals, and Prof. Squibb's medicines, a full stock.

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Farmers and others will find our stock of Pure Ground Western Bone, Oil of Vitriol, Sulphate of Soda and Nitrate of Soda, of better quality and at lower prices than can be found elsewhere. COACH AND WAGON MAKERS would do well to see our stock and inquire our prices before purchasing elsewhere.

O

Our retail and Prescription department is under the supervision of

MR. A. B. CATHCART,

who has had years of experience in the business. Able and competent assistants always in attendance. This department consists of the compounding of Physicians' prescriptions and family recipes, the putting up of Dye Stuffs, etc.,

T

the retailing of Patent Medicines and Druggist's sundries, such as Perfumery, comprising all of the most choice from our most eminent American manufacturers and the specialties of all the Foreign, French, English, German and Italian Perfumers.

H

Toilet Soaps in large variety, both fancy and Domestic.

Fine Hair, Tooth, Flesh, Clothes, Shaving & Nail Brushes. Trusses, Shoulder Braces & Supporters, Nursing Bottles, Pocket Books, Bill Books, &c., &c.

Cigars of rarest and choicest brands from 5 cts., to 25 cts., each.

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Pipes and cigar smokers and many things impossible to enumerate here. The handsomest

SODA FOUNTAIN

in this part of the State, called the "Iceberg," from which is constantly drawn, those cool and refreshing beverages so popular with the American public, also, the medicated waters of Vichy, Saratoga and Seltzer,

R

Our Manufacturing Department, comprises all the officinal preparations of the U. S. Pharmacopœia, Tinctures, Syrups, etc.,

OIL OF GLADNESS

a specific for Croup, Burns and Scalds and one of the most valuable auxiliaries in the cure of yetter-piles, hoarseness, etc., ever known. The largely increasing sales attest its popularity as a household remedy.

S

Moyer's Tar Cough Drops a valuable remedy for coughs of long standing and incipient consumption. Flavoring extracts, Essence Jamaica Ginger, etc. To all of which we ask the attention of the general public.

The wagon will still continue to pay its stated visits to their country customers.

MOYER BROS.
May 10, ly.

VINEGAR BITTERS

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DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA
EUREKA
VINEGAR BITTERS

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion. Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. In these complaints it has no equal, and one bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that a marked improvement is soon perceptible.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing also the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, and in Bilious Diseases.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

The properties of Dr. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic and Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

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Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, Cal.,
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SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
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THE QUEEN

THE AMERICAN

BUTTON-HOLE OVERSEAMING

AND COMPLETE SEWING MACHINE.

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The first and only BUTTON-HOLE AND SEWING MACHINE combined that has made its advent in this or any other country.

☞ The following reasons are given why this is the best.

Family Machine to Purchase.

1. Because it will do everything that any machine can do, sewing from the finest to the coarsest material, hemming, felling, cording, braiding, binding gathering and sewing on, at the same time ruffling, quilting, etc., better than any other machine.

2. Because it can work a beautiful button-hole, making as fine a pearl as by the hand.

3. Because it will embroider over the edge, making a neat and beautiful border on any garment.

4. Because it will work a beautiful eyelet hole.

5. Because it can do over-hand seaming, by which sheets, pillow cases and the like are sewed over and over.

6. Because the best mechanics pronounce it the best finished and made on the best principle of any machine manufactured,—It has no springs to break; nothing to get out of order.

7. Because it is two machines in one. A BUTTON-HOLE WORKING AND SEWING MACHINE combined.

☞ No other Machine can accomplish the kind of sewing stated in Nos. 2, 3, 4, and 5.

Parties using a family sewing machine want a WHOLE MACHINE, one with all the improvements.

It is to last a LIFETIME, and therefore one is wanted that will do the most work, and do it the best: and this machine can do several kinds of sewing not done on ANY OTHER MACHINE, besides doing every kind that all others can do.

The American or Plain Sewing Machine.

(Without the button-hole parts), does all that is done on the Combination except button-hole and over-seaming.

S. J. FAUX, Agent,

BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN.
COMPANY'S WAREROOMS,
1318 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

Examine them before purchasing any other Sewing Machine. n21 1872-6m.

McKELVY, NEAL & CO.,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

AND

General Merchandise,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

jan 5'72-tf

SEWING MACHINES.

THE SALES OF SEWING MAchines in 1871, as reported, under oath, in 1872, to the owners of the Sewing Machine Patents, show that the

SINGER

MANUFACTURING COMPANY

LAST YEAR SOLD

181, 260 Machines,

NINETY PER CENT. OF THEM BEING FOR FAMILY USE.

THIS IS OVER

50,000

MORE SEWING MACHINES THAN WERE SOLD BY ANY OTHER COMPANY DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

The Singer Manufacturing Co.,

34 UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK.

PHILADELPHIA OFFICE……1106 Chestnut St.
J. A. DOBON, AGT. in……Bloomsburg.
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AGENTS! QUICK!

or you will miss choice of territory, (there is a rush for it) on DIO LEWIS' last and greatest work.

OUR DIGESTION,

or, MY JOLLY FRIEND'S SECRET.

It is by odds the most taking and saleable book in the field. 1 It is on a vitally important subject. 2 It is by America's most popular writer on health. 3 It is, for the price, the largest and handsomest book ever sold by subscription. Agents, the people are eager for such a book, and will urge you to bring it to them. Write for terms, &c., free.

GEORGE MACLEAN, Publisher,
april 26,'72-tf. 733 Sansom Street, Philadelphia.

Rail Roads.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

Eight Trains (Daily) to and from Philadelphia and Pittsburg, and Two Trains (Daily) to and from Erie. (Sundays Excepted.)

ON and after Monday, June 3, the Passenger Trains of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will depart from Harrisburg and arrive at Philadelphia and Pittsburg as follows:

EASTWARD.

2:50—Philadelphia Express leaves Harrisburg daily (except Monday) at 2:50 a. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 6:50 a. m.

3:25—Fast Line leaves Harrisburg daily (except Monday) at 3:25 a. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 7:05 a. m.

8:30—Mail Train leaves Harrisburg daily (except Sunday) at 8:30 p. m. and arrives at Philadelphia at 12:11 a. m.

9:55—Pacific express leaves Harrisburg daily at 9:55 a. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 1:30 p. m.

2:00—Elmira Express leaves Harrisburg daily (except Sundays at 2:00 p. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 6:30 p. m.

10:25—Cincinnati Express leaves Harrisburg daily at 10:25 p. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 2:40 a. m.

3:55—Harrisburg Accommodation leaves Harrisburg daily (except Sunday) at 3:55 p. m., arriving at Philadelphia at 9:10 p. m.

7:30—Lancaster Train, via Mount Joy, leaves Harrisburg daily (except Sunday) at 7:30 a. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at [illegible]

WESTWARD.

4:10—Erie Express West, for Erie, leaves Harrisburg daily (except Sunday) at 4:10 p. m., arriving at Erie at 7:40 a. m.

4:15—Erie Mail west, for Erie, leaves Harrisburg daily at 4:15 a. m., arriving at [illegible]

10:30—Cincinnati Express leaves Harrisburg daily (except Saturday) at 10:30 p. m., arrives at Altoona at 3:15 a. m., and arrives at Pittsburg at 8:20 a. m.

4:05—Pacific Express leaves Harrisburg daily at 4:05 a. m., arrives at Altoona at 9:05 a. m., arrives at Pittsburg at 2:05 p. m.

12:55—Southern Express leaves Harrisburg daily at 12:55 a. m., arrives at Altoona at 5:20 [illegible] and arrives at Pittsburg at [illegible] a. m.

4:50—Fast Line leaves Harrisburg daily (except Sunday) at 4:50 p. m., arrives at Altoona 9:05 p. m., takes supper and arrives at Pittsburg at 1:35 a. m.

1:25—Mail Train, leaves Harrisburg daily (except Sunday) at 1:25 p. m. arrives at Altoona 7:15 p. m., takes supper and arrives at Pittsburg at 1:05 a. m.

7:30—Way Passenger Train leaves Harrisburg daily (except Sunday) at 7:30 a. m. arrives at Altoona at 1:30 p. m. and at Pittsburg at [illegible] m.

3:00—Through Passenger Train leaves Harrisburg daily (except Monday) at 3:00 a. m., arrives at Altoona at 8:10 a. m. and arrives at Pittsburg 1:35 p. m.

SAMUEL A. BLACK,
Supt. Mid. Div. P. R. R.

SHORTEST ROUTE EASTWARD.

Danville, Hazleton & Wilkesbarre R. R.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.

EASTWARD. LEAVE.	A. M.		WESTWARD. LEAVE.
Sunbury	[illegible]	[illegible]	New York.
Danville	7.02	[illegible]	Easton.
Catawissa	7.28	[illegible]	Phila
Hazleton	9.08	[illegible]	Bethlehem
	P. M.		
Bethlehem,	12.10	[illegible]	Hazleton.
Philadelphia	2.15	[illegible]	Catawissa.
Hazleton,	12.35	[illegible]	Danville.
New York.	3.30	[illegible]	Sunbury.

The afternoon train connects at Sunbury with the P. & E. 4.35 p. m. train going West, arriving at Williamsport 5.52; Lock Haven [illegible] also with the Northern Central 1.30 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg 7.00 p. m., and [illegible] 10.45 p. m., and also with the Sunbury and [illegible] Railroad.

Comfortable and handsome Coaches on this new route.

J. HERVEY RASE, Superintendent.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

On and after June 23d, 1872, Trains will leave SUNBURY as follows:

NORTHWARD.

12.30 P. M. Daily to Williamsport, Elmira, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Suspension Bridge, and N. Falls.

12.40 P. M. Buffalo, N. Falls, &c.
6.05 A. M. Williamsport Elmira Erie &c.
6.55 P. M., Daily, (except Sundays) for Williamsport and Erie.
4.20 P. M., Daily, (except Sundays) for Elmira, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, via. Erie [illegible] from Elmira.

TRAINS SOUTHWARD.

12.45 A. M. Daily for Baltimore, Washington and Philadelphia.
11.05 A. M. Daily (except Sundays) for Baltimore, Washington [illegible]
4.50 P. M. Daily (except Sundays) for Baltimore, Philadelphia, &c.

[illegible] General [illegible]
ALFRED R. FISKE, Gen'l. Sup't.

READING RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 22d 1872

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York as follows: At 5.00, 8.10, a. m., and 2.00 p. m., connecting with trains on Pennsylvania Railroad, and arriving at New York at [illegible] 3.50, and 9.45 p. m. respectively.

Returning: Leave New York at [illegible] 12.55 and 5.30 p. m. Philadelphia at [illegible] and 3.30 p. m.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Shamokin, Allentown and Phila'd. at 8.00 and 8.10 a. m., and 4.05 p.m., stopping at Lebanon and principal way stations; the 4.05 p. m. train connecting for Phila'a., Pottsville and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad, leave Harrisburg at 3.40 p. m.

East Pennsylvania Railroad trains leave Reading for Allentown Easton and New York at 7.00 10.10, a. m., and 4.05 p. m. Returning leave New York at 9.00 a. m., 12.55 and 5.00 p. m. and Allentown at 7.20 a. m., 12.25, [illegible] and 9.35 p. m.

Way Passenger Train leaves Philadelphia at 7.30 a.m., connecting with similar train on E. Pa. railroad returning from Reading at [illegible] p. m. stopping at all stations.

Leave Pottsville at 5.30 and 9.00 a. m., and 2.30 p. m., Herndon at 10.00 a. m., Shamokin at 5.40 and 11.15 a. m., Ashland at 7.05 a. m. and 12.43 p. m. Mahanoy City at 7.51 a. m. and 1.20 p. m. Tamaqua at 8.35 a. m., and 2.10 p. m. for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

Leave Pottsville via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 8.15 a. m. for Harrisburg and 11.45 a. m., for Pine Grove and Tremont.

Pottsville Accommodation Train leaves Pottsville at 5.50 a. m., passes Reading at 7.30 a. m., arriving at Philadelphia at 9.35 a. m. Returning leaves Philadelphia at 5.15 p. m., passes Reading at 7.40 p.m., arriving at Pottsville at [illegible] p. m.

Pottstown Accommodation Train, leaves Pottstown at 6.45 a.m., returning, leaves Philadelphia (Ninth and Green) at [illegible] p. m.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7.20 a.m., and 6.15 p.m. for Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.; returning leave Lancaster at 8.20 a. m. and 3.25 p. m., and Columbia at [illegible] m. and 3.15 p. m.

Perkiomen Rail Road Trains leave Perkiomen Junction at 7.35 and [illegible] a. m., [illegible] p. m., returning, leave Green Lane at 6.15 a. m., [illegible] and 4.21 p. m., connecting with trains on Reading Railroad.

Pickering Valley Railroad Trains leave Phoenixville at 9.10 a. m., [illegible] returning, leave Byers at [illegible] connecting with trains on Reading Railroad.

[illegible]

Chester Valley Railroad [illegible]

On Sundays: [illegible] Reading at 7.10 a. m. and 10.50 p. m., for Harrisburg, at 7.00 a. m. for New York, [illegible] Allentown and at 9.10 a. m., and 4.15 p. m. for Philadelphia.

Commutation, Mileage, Season, School and Excursion Tickets to and from all points, at reduced rates.

Baggage checked through; 100 pounds allowed each passenger.

J. E. WOOTTEN,
Asst. Supt. & Eng. Mach'y.
Reading, Pa., Aug. 1, 1872.

LACKAWANNA AND BLOOMSBURG RAILROAD.

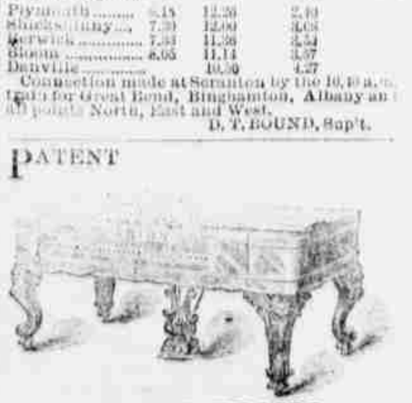
On and after Nov. 27, 1871, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

	Going North. Arrive a. m.	Going North. Arrive p. m.	Going South. Leave a. m.	Going South. Leave p. m.
Scranton	9.10	1.11	1.45	[illegible]
Pittston	8.35	11.52	2.11	[illegible]
Kingston / & W. Barre	[illegible]	12.31	2.31	[illegible]
Plymouth	8.18	12.26	2.40	
Shickshinny	7.30	12.00	3.03	
Berwick	7.33	11.38	3.34	
Bloom	8.05	11.14	3.57	
Danville		10.50	4.27	

Connection made at Scranton by the 10.10 a. m. train for Great Bend, Binghamton, Albany and all points North, East and West.

D. T. BOUND, Sup't.

PATENT



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C. W. FOSTER, General Agent,
MAUCH CHUNK, PA.
mar 1'71—tf.

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&C., &c.

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